

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 27

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, MAR 2 1928

NO. 4

We are just unloading a straight
carload of

Hardware

Our customers share in the benefit
derived by purchasing in
large quantities

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE
Raymond Merc.
COMPANY, LIMITED

Big Reductions in the Prices of Used Cars

We MUST clear these out to make room for new cars
which have arrived. More to arrive at once.

If you want a real bargain in an overhauled, re-finished used car see us today.

We are going to sell them ABSOLUTELY!
A small payment handles any of them. Act now!

Chevrolet Dealers
Graham Motor Co.
O'BRIEN BLOCK, RAYMOND

Perspective of a Picture

Essay by PETER KEYSER, B. A.
Raymond School of Agriculture

On the parlor wall of a home hangs a photograph of a babe, one year old. He stands with his back to the parlor, head turned so, as to look over his shoulder. One wonders, looking at him, how he can stand so steadily; the secret is beyond. Behind the curtain, hidden from view, is the mother, her unseen hand clasps both his hands, he stands in her strength. This sturdy babe is the coming citizen; multiplied, he is the hope of the nation.

The years pass, the babe becomes a boy; the tide of temptation rises about his feet, but he stands firmly. The mother's strength is his stay; her presence is his power.

The years pass, the boy becomes a youth; the tide has risen, the struggle is fierce, the currents press against the eager life, but he stands anchored by a mother's love.

The years pass, middle life has come; the tide has begun to ebb, temptation has lost its meaning, he longs for "the touch of a vanished hand and the sound of a voice that is still", but the silent presence of the absent friend holds him steady.

He is a successful business man, a pure father, an honest citizen, a consistent Christian. The country is safe in his keeping, safeguarded through the home.

The web of life is woven of two sets of thread, heredity and environment; the shuttle is thrown in the home. The generations past find expression through the home. The home gathers into itself and passes on the stored human life of the generations. This sort of home decides the outcome of the life.

There is much debate as to which is stronger, heredity or environment; illustrations are plentiful of the power of both. But whichever, heredity or environment, be stronger, the home is the meeting place of both in shaping character and deciding destiny.

Whatever the boy is in the home, the man will be in the state, with few exceptions, and what the boy is in the home is determined by the home, if the parents are wise; by the boy, if the parents are foolish.

Citizenship is not safeguarded by the home if the children make the home. The law must still come from the top of Sinai or the call will be surely shaped at the base of the hill by the unthinking children.

News Notes

Tomorrow night, C. W. Stone and his Versatiles will stage a variety performance in the Opera House. The program, which includes two short plays and a half hour of music and male choruses, promises to be one of the most entertaining shows seen here for months.

Dr. G. W. Leech was notified by telegram last Wednesday of the death of his brother, R. E. J. Leech, of Regina. The doctor left the same evening to attend the funeral services. He will probably return tomorrow.

O. H. Snow left last Tuesday night for Calgary where he will secure abstracts of all patents filed against town property.

The junior students of the high school will hold their annual Prom next Friday evening.

Milo Vance, school teacher at the O. K., underwent a minor throat operation at Lethbridge this week.

George Organ, of Lethbridge, spent several days here this week at the bedside of his mother, who is not expected to recover from a long illness. Her husband, G. H. Organ, died three months ago.

Later: The death of Mrs. Rebecca Organ occurred on Wednesday night. She leaves four sons and two daughters to mourn her loss. Mrs. Organ had resided here for many years and was highly respected by her many friends and acquaintances. The death of her husband a short time ago undoubtedly hastened her death.

Funeral services for Mrs. Rebecca Organ, widow of the late Mrs. G. H. Organ, who died Wednesday night, February 29, age 69 years, will be held in Martin Bros. Funeral Home, Lethbridge, at 2:30 o'clock, tomorrow, Saturday afternoon, under the direction of officials of the L. D. S. church.

News Notes

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Fred Romeril, a daughter.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Solman, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. P. Batar, a daughter.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Russell Hartley of Stirling, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Patterson, a daughter.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Sawada, a daughter.

Sid Ralph returned last Saturday from a visit to Salt Lake City.

Jim Duffy, Cardston tailor, was a visitor in Raymond this week.

Cardston's 1928 program includes an expenditure of \$10,000 on roads in that town.

The town of Magrath proposes to install a water system this year.

Martin Woolf, ex-M. L. A. is seriously ill and totally blind. He is father to DuVoe Woolf, formerly of Raymond, and Golden Woolf, principal of the Magrath school.

The splendid line of pictures which Lee Brewerton has booked at the Rex are the subject of much favorable comment these days.

Mrs. G. W. Leech will not receive on March 8 as previously announced. Her next receiving day will be given through this column.

Tenders Wanted

Tenders will be received up to noon of March 10 for the hauling of rock to the Factory lake dyke. For particulars apply to Frank R. Taylor at the office of:

Canadian Sugar Factories Ltd.
Raymond, Alta.

REX

TONIGHT AND SATURDAY

The Way of All Flesh

You owe it to yourself to see this one Prices 15c and 30c

BIG COMEDY MATINEE SATURDAY

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Babe Ruth In

Babe Comes Home

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY NEXT

BETTY COMPSON IN

Cheating Cheaters

He cheated—she cheated—in this clever crook drama
Prices 15c and 30c

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, MARCH 9 AND 10

The Winning of Barbara Worth

Starring Ronald Colman and Vilma Banky

We're going to break all attendance records with this one

Don't miss it.

To introduce our new

Circle Bar Hosiery

We are offering Special for Saturday only, Ladies' Pure Thread Silk
Full-fashioned Hose for \$1.25

All the newest shades

The Broadway Store

For Saturday and Monday

Wooden Boxes Sodas	60c
Large size Oranges per doz	45c
20 Bars Laundry Soap	96c
Coffee, good flavor, per lb	49c
Apple, fancy wrapped	\$3.25

For your new Spring Suit see our
swatches. We can sure please you.

Bennett & Co. Ltd.
THE PEOPLE'S STORE

FOR SALE—Kitchen cabinet and also china cabinet. Cheap for cash.—Apply Mrs. Thos. Allen, phone 138, Raymond.

Here and There

Preliminary figures indicate that mining production in British Columbia this year will exceed all previous records, although prices will be somewhat below those of 1926, when a total of \$67,000,000 was recorded.

Tobacco growing in the Kelowna district, B.C., has been so successful this year that the acreage will probably be increased to 1,000 next season. The present crop has been safely harvested and cured.

Not since 1917 has the Nova Scotia mining industry enjoyed so prosperous a season. During the fiscal year ending September, approximately 8,640,000 tons of coal were produced in the province against approximately 8,000,000 for the same period of last year.

The biggest shipment of live foxes to leave North America for the European market since the industry has been developed left Charlottetown in a consignment of 1,000, bound for Norway, via Halifax. These animals are valued at from \$500 to \$1,500 a pair, and the entire shipment is valued at approximately half a million dollars.

TAILORING

Having just arrived and owing to the necessity of placing house affairs in order first, we will not be ready to open up our shop until:

March 15

But in the meantime we will accept all class of work at the home. Look for the sign a couple of doors north of the United church. We will appreciate your patronage and we do good work.

CLARKE BROS.

Home of Fine Tailoring
RAYMOND ALBERTA

ADVANCE ANNOUNCEMENT—Big dress ball nations and characters. Coming to the Opera House soon. Prizes given so start planning now.

Mr. J. E. Clarke and family have moved here from Lethbridge and have taken up their residence in the home recently vacated by Geo. Shields on main street adjacent to the United Church. Mr. Clarke is a tailor with years of experience and until recently has been in the employ of the reliable firm of D Tailoring company of Lethbridge. He comes to Raymond highly recommended, and being a master of his trade the public can have the assurance that their work will be well turned out. His ad appears in this issue.

The new power plant came into operation last Wednesday after a trial run on Tuesday. The town council was present to inspect the plant. The days of low power are past, as the new engine has much greater power than our town requires.

The marriage of Miss Irene Terry to Mr. Clarence Bowden was solemnized here last Wednesday with Bishop Jas. H. Walker officiating. The groom has a farm north of town.

King Motors are due to receive a new Ford demonstrator next Monday.

The Graham Motor Company received a carload of new Chevrolet cars last Saturday. Five of these cars have been sold already. The sixth is being kept as a demonstrator. Mr. Graham reports that he has far more orders than he is able to fill and more coming in.

The Calgary Power Company secured permission from the rural municipal council last week to run a pole line from the Magrath power line to Stirling. The new line will pass Raymond just north of Temple hill.

Earl Scoville has the agency for Samson Treaters for treating of seed grain, and has one machine which he rents to farmers. Read his ad in this issue.

The Leap Year Dance promoted by the first ward Gleaner Girls last Wednesday was a wonderful success in every way. The girls had worked hard and as a result the hall was never more tastefully decorated. More than \$25 was realized.

Mrs. Webster is the official delegate to the annual Southern District conference of the Alberta Women's Institute to be held in Lethbridge on Wednesday and Thursday of next week. Others attending the conference from here are Mrs. W. Clemis, Mrs. T. Allen, Mrs. L. L. Paok, Mrs. A. W. Kirkham, Mrs. C. Nilsson, Mrs. S. Smith, Mrs. F. Shaw, Mrs. F. Ralph Sr., Mrs. J. F. Salmon, Mrs. J. Fisher and Mrs. J. Powelson. Mrs. F. C. Alcock, District Director, of Champion will preside. Addresses will be given by Miss Jessie McMillan, Home Rural Secretary, Edmonton, Mrs. W. Huxley of Strome, provincial president, Mrs. J. F. Price of Calgary, Mrs. L. T. Melton of Edmonton and Mrs. John Powelson of Raymond.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Red Rose Orange Pekoe

is supreme

In clean, bright Aluminum.

A Forward Step

The development and growth of Canada politically, economically, in commerce and finance, in production from its natural resources of the field, the forest, the mine, and the waters of the Dominion has, during the first sixty years of Confederation, been most gratifying. This is now fairly generally recognized. It is also the general belief that Canada is just entering upon a still greater era of expansion and development in many directions leading to a greater growth and larger prosperity.

The question, however, which, to an increasing extent, is calling for serious consideration is: What policies should be adopted and steps taken to insure that this future development shall proceed along lines that will result in building up a strong nation, and in such a way that maximum benefits from such development shall accrue to the whole people of the Dominion?

During the pioneer stage in any country's development it is inevitable that its people devote their energies largely to the production of primary articles, largely raw materials. But with increase in population, the provision of adequate means of transportation, and the accumulation of wealth, a country should move forward in the work of not only producing such raw materials in increasing quantities but in utilizing them in the manufacture of finished articles.

It is important that crude methods in production of raw materials be discarded for those best calculated to give larger quantities, better qualities, and at lower costs; that all possible waste be eliminated; that as many by-products as possible be reclaimed, and that use be made of low-grade and off-grade materials. It is perhaps of even greater importance to ascertain the nature of pests and other agencies which now operate to destroy our raw materials at their source, and to discover effective means for their eradication.

The discovery of all these things can best be brought about through the painstaking effort of the expert in scientific research. Such work may require years of study, investigation and experiment. In many, perhaps most, cases it will call for laboratory and other expensive equipment. In the past Canadians have not fully appreciated the importance of such work, and as a consequence have not been prepared to provide the necessary public funds to carry it on. As a people we have been so busy attending to our own particular problems, and demanding immediate solutions of them, that we have been impatient of ideas based on long and expensive scientific research. As a result, Canada today lags behind other nations in this respect, nations which have not nearly the wealth of natural resources calling for development which Canada possesses.

It is, therefore, highly gratifying to learn of the action of the House of Commons in unanimously adopting a resolution favoring the establishment of a National Research Institute by the Dominion Government, and of announcement by the Government of its intention to proceed with the erection of the first wing of a National Research Institute building on a ten acre plot at the central experimental farm at Ottawa.

Last year, it is stated, Canada spent \$250,000 for research as compared with \$50,000,000 by the United States, and \$25,000,000 by Great Britain. This year the Government will, on the recommendation of the Research Council, increase the vote for research work to \$750,000, and the Minister estimated that three million dollars would be required during the next five or ten years to construct and develop laboratories.

In this way the splendid work initiated by many of our Canadian universities, assisted by private capital, will be supplemented, and the whole work of research in Canada co-ordinated and developed. When it is realized that Canada is estimated to be losing at least twenty million dollars a year through grain rust alone, the possibilities of gigantic gain through research work can be grasped. A few millions a year spent in research work may easily mean a gain of ten times as many millions through discoveries made.

Preparing Reception For British Party

Empire Parliamentary Association To Visit Canada This Summer

Details for the reception this summer of the Empire parliamentary association are now being completed. It is understood that a party of about 50 members of parliament from Great Britain will take part in the tour of Canada, accompanied by some members of the parliament of Canada.

The British party will arrive in Quebec on August 25. They will visit Montreal, Toronto, Niagara Falls and spend two days in Winnipeg about September 4 or 5. Saskatoon, Edmonton, Jasper, Vancouver, and Victoria are included in the trip West. Coming East there will be visits to Lake Louise, Banff, and to the Elbow Ranch near High River, Calgary and Regina.

According to Pliny, Cato believed that husbands started kissing in order to determine whether their wives and daughters had been drinking wine.

"A Babe in the House is a Well-spring of Pleasure."

St. Catharines, Ont.—"During motherhood I was all run-down, nervous and weak, when, upon advice, I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It strengthened me, quieted my nerves and I had no more trouble. I kept well and had a fine, big, healthy baby—he has scarcely had a day's sickness. The 'Favorite Prescription' was so helpful to me that I believe it is the only medicine for the expectant mother to take."—Mrs. Gordon Bonck, 33 Wiley St.

Go to the drug store at once and obtain this Prescription in tablets or liquid, or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for a trial package of tablets.

W. N. U. 1721

Discuss Coal Subsidy

Subsidy To Railways For Transporting Alberta Coal Should Come From Dominion Government

Any subsidy to the railways for transporting Alberta coal to Ontario should come from the Dominion Government and not from Ontario, said Premier G. H. Ferguson in the Ontario legislature, in reply to a question of J. G. Lethbridge, Progressive leader.

Mr. Lethbridge asked what the attitude of the government was in view of recent suggestions made in the press. Mr. Ferguson pointed out that the railways wanted \$9 a ton whereas the actual cost as determined by the railway board was \$7. The real cost, he thought, was nearer \$6.75. There was a suggestion, said the premier, that if the Dominion Government would contribute a subsidy of \$1 a ton, the province of Ontario and Quebec should join in providing another dollar.

HOW DELICATE GIRLS ARE MADE STRONG

Rich, Red Blood Needed To Keep Up Their Vitality

It should be borne in mind that pale, bloodless girls need plenty of nourishment, plenty of sleep and regular out-of-doors exercise. But in lack of appetite and tired, aching limbs tend to hinder progress. To save the weak, thin-blooded sufferer, she must have new, rich blood, and nothing meets a case of this kind so well as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills not only enrich and increase the blood supply, they help the appetite and aid digestion, relieve the weary back and limbs, thus bringing new health and strength and transforming anemic girls and women into cheerful, happy people.

The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the case of anemic girls is proved by the case of Miss Lucy Stoddart, Margareville, N.S., who says: "From the age of 12 to 15, I was in an anemic condition. I was very thin and nervous, had no appetite and had no desire to take part in the doings of those of my age. My mother got tonic after tonic for me, but they did me very little good. Then Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended and almost from the first they seemed to be just what was needed to restore my strength. After taking the pills for a time I felt altogether different girl. I got up in the morning feeling bright and active, and ready for work or play. Since then I have always taken a couple of boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the spring as a tonic and have thus kept in the best of condition."

Every weak girl should promptly follow the example of Miss Stoddart, feeling sure that the pills will renew her health. You can get the pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Book On Manitoba Place Names

National Geographic Board Has This Work In Hand

The National Geographic Board will commence immediately to gather information for a booklet on place names in Manitoba. A booklet covering Alberta is now on the press and will be issued in a few days.

R. Douglas, the secretary of the board, stated that the Manitoba booklet will cover the lakes, rivers, cities, towns and historic sites of the province, giving the derivation of each name. W. J. Healy, the provincial librarian, is the Manitoba representative on the board and will assist in the work, which, it is expected, will require about one year.

The most obstinate corns fail to resist Holloway's Corn Remover. Try it.

Polly: "Did you see the aurora borealis last night?"
Dolly: "No, I haven't been to a show all week."

The boiling of water removes very few of its chemical impurities, but it does kill the germs.

The "Flu" LEFT HER WITH A VERY WEAK HEART

Mrs. Benah Demone, Pleasant River, N.S., writes: "Having suffered with the 'flu' a few years ago, I was left with a very weak heart."

"I was unable to go about, and could not do my housework."

"I would get dizzy spells and would have to go and lie down."

"I could not sleep at night as the least little noise would wake me up."

"I tried different kinds of medicine, but they seemed to do me no good."

"A friend recommended

I have used five boxes and am much better; do not get those dizzy spells, and can do my own work as well as ever."

Price 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MILBURN'S
HEART
AND
NERVE PILLS

Widen Income Tax Scope

Speculation Profits On Grain Or Stocks To Be Subject To Tax

Broadening the principle laid down in the case of Allan Morrison versus the Crown, in which the court held that income derived from speculation on the grain exchange was taxable under the Income Tax Act, the income tax department intends to levy tribute upon profits made from speculation, whether on grain or stocks.

This announcement was made by the department and it was further stated that the tax would apply upon profits made in the calendar year 1927. It is expected that some \$50,000,000 additional income will be brought under the tax annually, and since much of it runs to high amounts per individual, the increase in the receipts of the government may well approximate \$5,000,000 per annum.

Those who speculate only occasionally will not be subject to the levy, but all who make a business of it, notwithstanding the fact that they may be at work daily in other businesses, will be considered taxable.

Prevent Level Crossing Accidents

New Legislation Introduced In Saskatchewan House With This Object In View

Complete accord by all parties in the Saskatchewan Legislature was expressed on the proposed amendments to the Vehicle Act which have to do with autoists bringing their cars to a complete stop at railway level crossings or where stop signals are erected, before attempting to make a crossing.

The amendment was introduced by Hon. S. J. Latta, provincial secretary, as an attempt to eliminate level crossing accidents.

The Saskatchewan gasoline tax bill, introduced by Hon. S. J. Latta, calls for a tax of three cents on each gallon of gasoline sold, and will come into force May 1.

A River That Burns

Stream Of Water In France Was Ignited By Match

A burning river and a buried forest were the unexpected rewards of men digging for springs in the interest of the water supply of Corenco, France. Instead of a spring they discovered a stream of water which bubbled like champagne.

When a match was thrown into the water it caught fire and burned for several hours.

The source of the gas was found by sinking a shaft 100 feet where giant oaks and pines were discovered decomposed, remains of a forest supposed to have been buried hundreds of years ago by a landslide.

Its Quality Sells It.—The fact that so many thousands of intelligent people continue to use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil speaks volumes for its healing efficiency. Ever since it was first introduced it has grown steadily in public favor, owing entirely to its manifold usefulness in relieving and healing sickness. As a specific for cuts, burns, scalds, and various inflammatory pains its record is beyond reproach.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

LAMB MENAGERE

(Thrifty Housewife's Lamb Ramekins)

- 1½ cup sweetened condensed milk.
- 2 sups cold lamb, minced.
- 1 teaspoon salt (scant).
- 1½ teaspoon white pepper.
- 2 tablespoons chopped green peppers.
- 1 tablespoon chopped onions.
- 2 tablespoons hot water.
- 2 tablespoons bread crumbs.
- 1 tablespoon butter.

Mix sweetened condensed milk with water and stir into minced lamb. Add salt, pepper, chopped onion and green peppers. Put into buttered ramekins. Melt butter; mix with bread crumbs and sprinkle over meat. Bake in a moderate oven (350 degrees Fahrenheit) for about 20 minutes, or until well browned.

CUSTARD SOUFFLE

- 3 tablespoons butter.
- ¼ cup flour.
- ¼ cup sugar.
- 1 cup scalded milk.
- 4 eggs.
- ½ teaspoon salt.

Melt butter, add flour, and gradually hot milk. Bring to boiling point and pour on to yolks of eggs beaten until thick and lemon-colored, mixed with sugar and salt. Cool. Fold in whites of eggs beaten stiff. Turn into buttered dish, and bake from 30 to 35 minutes in slow oven. Take from oven and serve at once. Serve with hard sauce, whipped or plain cream.

Milard's Liniment for sick animals.

CUTICURA Promotes Loveliness Of Skin And Hair

Daily use of the Soap, assisted by the Ointment when required, keeps the skin fresh and clear and the hair healthy and glossy. They are ideal for the toilet, as is also the smooth, cooling, fragrant Cuticura Talcum.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Agents: "Blenhara, Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25c. Talcum 25c.



HERCULES

PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

What's between
Indoors and Outdoors?

The world is divided into two parts, outdoors and indoors. Between the two lies a problem. The answer has a vital effect on those who are indoors.

If wind and dampness can be kept outdoors, naturally indoors will be comfortable and healthful to the occupants.

You can solve this problem with Hercules Permanent Building Paper. In three grades, x, xx, xxx—Hercules is tested and proven damp proof and wind proof. Test it yourself. A line will bring samples. Write us.

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON, CANADA

Searching For Continent

Australian Explorer and Aviator Has Gone To Arctic

The urge that for centuries has sent men up and down the earth in search of new countries gave impetus to another such mission when Captain George Willings, Australian explorer, aviator, and Carl E. Ellison, his soundproof pilot, sailed from Seattle recently for Seward, Alaska, from whence they will begin a search for an Arctic continent.

They will go from Seward to Fairbanks by rail. From Fairbanks they will attempt to fly to Point Barrow.

Stop the Cough.—Coughing is caused by irritation in the respiratory passages and is the effort to dislodge obstructions that come from inflammation of the mucous membrane. Treatment with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will allay the inflammation and in consequence the cough will usually stop. Try it and you will be satisfied.

Communication by telephone has been established between Scotland and Canada. On that line idle gossip will not often interfere with the transaction of business.

When asked if she was interested in a car with a worm drive she declared she never felt safe with her husband at the wheel.

The Leaning Tower of Pisa is 16½ feet out of perpendicular.

Three New Canadian Books

A SEARCH FOR AMERICA. F. P. Grove. \$3.00. The gripping story of an immigrant. ONLY THIS. James H. Pelley. \$2.00. The war book for every Canadian. THE SHADOW OF TRADITION. \$2.00. C. H. MacCallum. A tale of old Glenora. Obtain locally or order direct from The GRAPHIC PUBLISHERS, Ltd., OTTAWA

U.S. Legation At Ottawa

Residence For Minister From United States To Be Erected

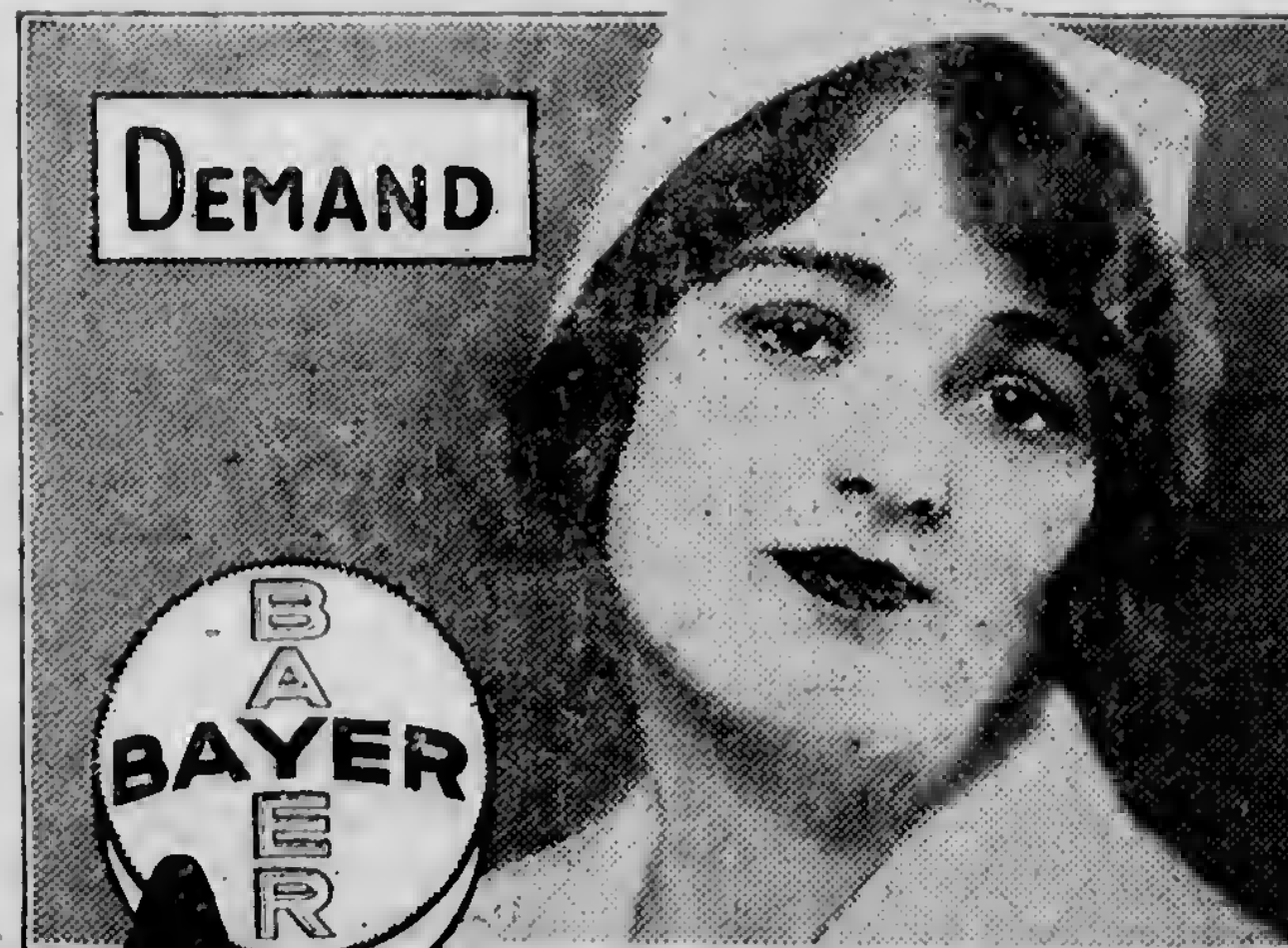
Hon. Frank B. Kellogg, United States Secretary of State, after a visit to Ottawa as a guest of the Canadian Government, announced in an interview that it was expected that the United States would erect a residence for the United States minister and an office building for the legation staff in the city section of Ottawa. Arrangements as to location would, he said, be in the hands of the United States Minister to Canada, the Hon. Wm. Phillips.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

Car Salesman—"And the price is within easy reach."

Victim—"Show me where to reach and I'll grab it."

A cynic is a person who knows the price of everything and the value of nothing.



ASPIRIN

The whole world knows Aspirin as an effective antidote for pain. But it's just as important to know that there is only one genuine Aspirin. The name Bayer is on every tablet, and on the box. If the name Bayer appears, it's genuine; and if it doesn't, it's not! Headaches are dispelled by Aspirin. So are colds, and the pain that goes with them; even neuralgia, neuritis, and rheumatism promptly relieved. Get Aspirin—at any drugstore—with proven directions.

Physicians prescribe Aspirin; it does NOT affect the heart

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) indicating Bayer Manufacture. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assure the public against imitations, the Tablets will be stamped with their "Bayer Cross" trademark.

British Ace Sets World's Auto Record At 214 Miles Per Hour

Daytona Beach, Fla.—Captain Malcolm Campbell, British ace, established a new world's speed record when he drove his huge Napier Bluebird Special over the hard beach course here at an average speed of 206.95602 miles an hour.

Literally burning up the sands with his giant machine equipped with a powerful 12-cylinder motor of the British Air Service, Captain Campbell exceeded by 3.16 miles an hour the former record of 203.79 set here last year by Major H. O. D. Seagrave of England, in his mystery Sunbeam Special.

Taking a four-mile running start, Captain Campbell made his first run south with the wind negotiating the official miles in 16.75 seconds for a speed of 214.79113 miles an hour, which was 11 miles an hour faster than Major Seagrave's record. On his return trip north, made against a strong wintry wind, the Englishman covered the official mile in 18.03 seconds, for a speed of 199.66722 miles an hour.

Captain Campbell declared the performance of his machine today proved to him he would need a longer rolling start if he should decide to make another attempt later to better his own mark.

"I did not have my machine opened up at any time during the trial," he said. "When I entered the official mile stretch after taking a four-mile start, my machine had not even started to pick up and it did not begin to pick up until I had covered half of the mile. Just before I crossed the final wire I glanced at my instruments and I was making 226 miles an hour. My instruments are accurate and I knew all during the run just what speed I was making."

His average elapsed time, both ways over the course, was 17.395 seconds and his average miles an hour was 206.95602.

Immediately after he had crossed the wire at the end of the official mile, Captain Campbell narrowly escaped what might have been a serious accident when his huge speedster struck a soft bump on the sand and for an instant the driver almost lost control of his car. Swerving dangerously at such a tremendous speed, the machine, for an instant, seemed to head for the soft sand dunes, which undoubtedly would have resulted in the death of the Englishman and demolition of the car.

The bump, which was located higher on the beach than the Britisher had intended to drive, threw him half way out of the seat and for an instant his feet bounced completely off the brakes and accelerator. His goggles slipped down over his eyes, obstructing his vision, but he righted the machine and it roared on down the course, stopping near the end of the beach, four miles away.

Mrs. Campbell, witnessing the epochal run from the grandstand, gasped audibly when she saw her husband's car strike the bump, and she covered her face with her hands. Fearing a serious accident had happened, Mrs. Campbell did not look up until friends told her that her husband had completed his run safely.

Research Council To Be Asked To Investigate New System of Wheat Grading

Ottawa.—The National Research Council, working in conjunction with the Board of Grain Commissioners, will be asked to investigate the feasibility of using protein content as a basis for grading wheat.

A motion by John Millar (Liberal-Progressive, Qu'Appelle), asking for a change in the method of grading grain, as amended by C. E. Bothwell (Liberal, Swift Current), carried in the House without division. The resolution also is referred to the agricultural committee of the House. Mr. Bothwell offered the amendment asking an investigation by the research council.

C. E. Bothwell (Liberal, Swift Current), pointed to the many difficulties in the way of establishing a system of grading based on protein content as recommended in the resolution. He then moved his amendment.

Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, supported the

Budget Summary

Some Details Of the Budget Presented By Minister Of Finance

Ottawa.—Here are the high lights of the budget presented to the House of Commons by Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance:

Tax Reductions:—Income tax, ten per cent. reduction in personal income tax. Tax rate on corporations cut to eight per cent.

Under the new income tax schedule, \$500 exemption will be allowed for mentally or physically incapacitated persons over 21 years of age.

Sales tax: Twenty-five per cent. reduction, i.e., rate cut from 4 to 3.

All tax reductions are effective Feb. 17, and reduction in income tax applicable to taxes payable on income for last year.

Tariff Reductions: Cottons, material reductions in large range household cottons. Rates lowered on yarns. British preference widened.

Woolens: Duty reductions on mitts and all but more expensive lines of underwear, socks, stockings. Yarns for weaving free. Preferential duty reduced on woolen goods imported in gray for dyeing and finishing.

Linen: British preference rates finer grades reduced. Re-classification of flax and jute products.

Textile machinery: On large part importations, British preference duty reduced from 10 to five; intermediate, 10 to 5.

Reductions in duty on press blankets, lake calcium chloride, for road treating; non-alcoholic preparations for disinfecting, etc.; crude petroleum for refining free, till July 1, 1931; rates on parts for fishing boat engines reduced; nickel chromium for making electric resistance wire free.

Drawbacks: Eighty per cent. on certain kinds of magazine paper.

Ninety per cent. on bituminous coal for melting or evaporating salt.

Sixty per cent. on material used in manufacture of various tools when at least 50 per cent. of production cost incurred in Canada.

Fifty per cent. on material used in aeroplane engines. After July 1 no drawback unless 40 per cent. of cost of production incurred in Canada.

Present duty on aircraft engines extended until July 1, 1930.

Special Bricks Made

Sand-lime bricks, cinder blocks, and cement blocks, are made at many points in Canada, both in competition with ordinary clay bricks and pressed bricks, and also for use in localities where ordinary bricks are not available except at relatively high cost.

Motor Cars Purchased

Ottawa. Four hundred and sixty-one motor cars have been purchased by the Federal Government for its various departments since January 1, 1926, according to a return tabled in the House of Commons.

Would Bar Orientals

Victoria.—W. F. Kennedy, Conservative member for North Okanagan, has filed a resolution in the House to request the Federal Government to allow no more Orientals to enter the Dominion.

Announce Closing Of Bonded Liquor Houses

Government To Cancel Licenses Says Minister Of Customs

Toronto.—A special despatch to the Globe from Ottawa says: "In pursuance of one of the recommendations of the Royal Customs Commission, bonded export and import liquor warehouses, which have been found to be a source from which illicit liquor shipments cross the United States border, are to be wiped out of existence."

"For the most part these emporiums are advantageously situated near the border line in Canada and according to the customs commission serve no legitimate or legal purpose whatever."

Hon. William D. Ether, Minister of Customs, made the announcement, the department will not grant any more such licenses and purposes cancelling licenses already issued."

Hullfax.—Hullfax export liquor houses have received notice, it was stated by customs officials here, to dispose of their stocks on hand and to cease importations, although no time limit has been set. Vancouver and Hullfax, it was further stated, are the only ports in Canada in which export liquor houses operate.

Brings Canada Big Revenue

Dominion Exporting Annually Rubber Products Valued At Thirty Millions

Montreal.—Today Canada has become the fourth rubber manufacturing country of the world and was now exporting rubber products to the value of \$30,000,000 annually, though the raw product came from countries to which the Dominion was exporting the manufactured commodity, declared Hon. James Macdonald, minister of trade and commerce, in an address at the annual banquet of the Canadian Rubber Association here.

"The development of the rubber industry in Canada," the speaker continued, "is probably the best available illustration of the fact that where there is a need in a country for a commodity and therefore an extensive potential market, there the manufacture of that product will develop though it is necessary to transport the raw materials from the four corners of the globe."

Seeking Altitude Record

British Plane Would Have To Ascend Eight Miles

London.—The Air Ministry soon will make an attempt to gain for Britain the air altitude record. A secret plane which was built for the attempt has been removed from Bristol, where the effort originally was to be made, to South Farnborough.

Air Service pilots will be at the controls. It is understood that an exceptionally small Bristol biplane will be used. To beat the present record it will be necessary for the plane to ascend about eight miles.

Heir To Asquith Title

London.—Earl of Oxford and Asquith's heir is 13-year-old Julian, Viscount Asquith, son of the former prime minister's eldest son, Raymond Asquith, who was killed in action while serving with the Grenadier Guards in the Great War.



Moose Plentiful in Ontario

It is not an easy thing to shoot a moose but there are plenty of them in the Big Pogamasi district of Ontario which can be reached comfortably over the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Bob Becker, the sporting editor of the Chicago Tribune, visited this district during the present winter and he was successful in accounting for a magnificent specimen of a bull moose.

"How these big boys are traveling," said the guide to Bob Becker the morning after he had arrived in the district. "Papa moose and all the

Would Encourage Folk Songs



Miss Juliette Gaultier, descendant of a famous coureur du bois, says her Indian blood has made her sacrifice a successful career in grand opera for the mission of making Canada's native folk songs famous. She is a master of many Indian dialects and can sing in the Eskimo tongue.

Passing Of a Great Statesman

Great Britain Mourns the Death Of Earl Of Oxford

Sutton Courtenay, Eng.—While eminent men and the press of Great Britain praised the Earl of Oxford's life of service and mourned his death, the body of the aged statesman, who died at his home here, was carried to the parish church of Sutton Courtenay.

Praise of the Earl of Oxford and Asquith as a great parliamentarian, a forceful, gracious debater and an unselfish servant of the nation's welfare is contained in thousands of messages of condolence published and received by his widow. All recall his activities in the early days of the war, when as Prime Minister, he breathed the British spirit of confident courage.

Many proudly remember his declaration in the face of Germany's seemingly irresistible advance when he said:

"We shall never sheath the sword which we have not lightly drawn until Belgium recovers in full measure all, and more than all, she has sacrificed; until France is adequately secured against the menace of aggression; until the rights of the smaller nations of Europe are placed upon an unassailable foundation, and until the military domination of Prussia is wholly and finally destroyed."

Alberta Farmers Need Workers

Edmonton. Men for spring work on the farms are now being arranged for by the provincial labor branch. It is expected at least 6,000 farm hands will be needed this year, and of these from 1,500 to 1,800 will be brought in from outside the province. Arrangements have been made for a supply of men with farm experience to come from British Columbia where a large number are said to be available from the ranks both of hunter camp workers and ex-prairie men who have been wintering at the coast.

Heavy Appropriation By Government For Experimental Farms

Suggests New Scheme To Secure Settlers

Sir Henry Thornton Advocates Higher Freight Rates To Obtain Funds

Toronto, Ont.—The raising of \$20,000,000 annually by increased freight rates on the part of both the Canadian National Railway and the Canadian Pacific Railway, to be administered solely in the prosecution of a vigorous immigration policy was a scheme which Sir Henry Thornton, chairman of the Canadian National Railways, outlined during a speech at a dinner of St. Andrew's Masonic Lodge here. Sir Henry stated that if freight rates were increased on an average of five per cent. it would yield to both the C.N.R. and the C.P.R. an additional \$20,000,000 each year. "If both railways joined hands in raising that fund for the encouragement of immigration," he declared, "we would make infinitely more progress in the future than in the past."

The speaker stated that there were 300,000 experienced farmers who would come to Canada, if they had partly prepared farms waiting them.

"We can bring those 300,000 experienced farmers here and other hundreds of thousands of boys and men from the motherland," he declared. "That represents the kind of thing on which we ought to spend our money."

English Appointment For Woman Barrister

Saskatchewan Graduate Made President Of Leeds Outlook Club

Regina. Miss E. Hall, woman barrister, who graduated from the University of Saskatchewan as a Bachelor of Laws and was admitted to the Canadian Bar, is now at Leeds, England, and has been appointed secretary of the Outlook Club there. Miss Hall, a native of London, England, came to Canada in 1914 and after teaching school in this province for some time, took up law. Until she recently left for Leeds she practised law for three years in California. A report of her appointment by the Outlook Club appeared in the Yorkshire Weekly Post, January 21.

Massey-Harris Buys U.S. Plant

Racine, Wis.—The J. I. Case Plow Works, one of Racine's pioneer industries and which since its inception in 1876 has developed into a million-dollar concern, was sold to the Massey-Harris Company, Ltd., Toronto, it was announced at the Case Company offices. No announcement of the consideration was given.

Woman Pastors Favored

Ottawa.—Approval of the general principle governing the ordination of women into the ministry was given by the Ottawa Presbytery of the United Church of Canada in session here. The Presbytery, however, decided that at the present time it was not expedient to introduce the matter for adoption by the general council.

Ottawa.—A plea for the establishment of an experimental farm in the Skeena district was made by James C. Brady (Conservative, Skeena), when the House of Commons gave further consideration to estimates of the Department of Agriculture.

An appropriation of \$1,900,000 for experimental farms including necessary new buildings was before the House. Mr. Brady pointed out that Skeena constituency covered a very large area of farming land.

Mr. Brady was supported in his request by Hon. S. F. Toimie (Conservative, Victoria), who said such a farm would encourage agriculturists in Central and Northern British Columbia. The Conservative Government prior to 1921 had been considering the establishment of such a farm and would have gone on with it "had it not been for the action of the Liberal Party in defeating us."

A. M. Carmichael (Progressive, Kendersley), expressed the opinion that the experimental station located near Kendersley was perhaps doing more valuable work than was being done at the central farm at Ottawa. He believed it might be extremely beneficial "to have more stations in pioneer districts."

W. G. McQuarrie (Conservative, New Westminster), urged this year's program should include work of an experimental nature "as to the best and most economical way of clearing land" in the Fraser Valley district. He represented, said Mr. McQuarrie, more farmers than any other member from British Columbia, and felt an intensive study of the situation in the Fraser Valley district should be made by the Federal Department of Agriculture.

Hon. J. W. Edwards (Conservative, Frontenac-Addington), asked Mr. Motherwell what proportion of the total vote was for the enlargement of the experimental farm at Ottawa. He felt the central farm at Ottawa was entirely too small.

Mr. Motherwell replied that if the sum which was asked for the Booth farm, lying adjacent to the experimental farm, was paid, it would mean an expenditure of \$185,000. The owners of the Booth farm were demanding \$600 per acre for the property. The minister said, however, that if they would not accept a lower figure he thought the purchase should be referred to the exchequer court.

The item of \$1,900,000 for experimental farms then carried.

Test Farms Proposed

With View To Promoting Electrification Of Rural Areas

Winnipeg.—The establishment of a dozen electrical test farms in Manitoba is proposed by representatives of power, agricultural and manufacturing interests here, and a general committee, with D. L. McLean, Deputy Minister of Public Works, at its head, is considering the matter. The idea of the proposed electrical test farms is that this will be a step towards promoting the electrification of rural areas.

Finance Minister Makes A Substantial Cut In Income And Sales Tax

Ottawa.—Before packed galleries and an eager attentive House, Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance, submitted his fifth budget.

Last year Mr. Robb had a ten per cent. reduction in all personal income tax rates to announce. Recently he announced another ten per cent. reduction in income tax rates with exemption of \$500 to those supporting dependents over 21 years of age incapable of self-support on account of mental or physical infirmity.

He announced a reduction to eight per cent. in the tax on corporations. The present rate is 8.1 per cent.

He announced a reduction of 25 per cent. in the sales tax, bringing the rate down from four to three per cent.

He estimated his tax reductions would amount to \$19,000,000.

So far, Mr. Robb's taxation changes created little surprise. But in another respect there is comment. Expectation was general that he would announce a reduction both in the ex-

cise duty on cigarettes and in the import duty on liquors. But in neither case had Mr. Robb any reduction to announce.

Tariff proposals cover a pretty wide field. Cottons, woolens and textiles come under review. There are changes affecting printing and publishing, fruit and horticulture, fishing, road-making, aviation, mechanics' tools, the salt industry. There is a change in regard to the general application of the British preference. At present Canada requires that imports, to enter under British preferential rates, shall be 25 per cent. Empire labor and materials. Mr. Robb proposes to double that percentage.

Reviewing the country's finances, Mr. Robb estimated that for the fiscal year ending March 31 next he would have a surplus of \$54,815,000. Deducting \$16,000,000 written off advances to soldier settlers, Mr. Robb estimated his net debt reduction at \$38,800,000.

Institute For Research Work

Federal Government Favors Immediate Forward Movement

Without dividing, the House adopted a resolution, moved by R. J. Garland (U.P.A., Bow River), favoring the establishing of a national research institute by the Dominion Government. During discussion Hon. James Macleod, Minister of Trade and Commerce, announced the Government intended to proceed with the building of the first wing of a national research institute on a temporary plot at the Ottawa experimental farm. Hon. R. B. Bennett, Opposition leader, urged care should be taken to see there was no duplication of activities in research work.

Canada should develop her industries through the establishment of a national research institute under the Dominion Government, Mr. Garland declared in supporting the resolution. "We have the brains in this country but we haven't learned to apply them to scientific research," said Mr. Garland.

No problem was more serious in Canada today than the "gigantic annual loss" from grain rusts estimated at approximately \$20,000,000 a year. We need a bureau of standards, scientific research, co-ordination of research and the results of these efforts should be freely available. Last year Canada spent \$250,000 for research, the United States \$50,000,000 and Great Britain \$25,000,000.

Hon. Mr. Macleod believed a "public consciousness" had been awakened to such an extent as to justify an immediate forward movement in the work of research.

The amount of \$750,000 provided in the estimates, said Mr. Macleod, had been suggested by the national research council. After going over the whole situation with the research council, Mr. Macleod estimated that \$5,000,000 would be required during the next five or ten years period to construct and develop laboratories in Ottawa. The research council had been of the opinion that the first year's program would not necessitate any possible expenditure in excess of \$750,000.

The research council had recommended an annual increase from \$170,000 to \$500,000 for administration and the suggestion would be carried out.

"The building up of a trained staff to operate the laboratories will require time and will be a progressive affair," said Mr. Macleod. Private research in Canada had done "valuable work." In respect to the research work being performed by various departments of the Government, there would be a gradual amalgamation of effort.

Lord Robert's Retort

Famous General Had Ready Answer For Would Be Wit

Lord Roberts once found himself among new friends in a London club. There was a very tall man present, who evidently believing himself to shine as a wit, seized every opportunity of raising a laugh at other people's expense. On being introduced to Lord Roberts, the wit bent down patronizingly to his lordship and remarked: "I have often heard of you, but—" shading his eyes with one hand, as though the famous general, being so small, could be seen with difficulty—"I have never seen you." To this Lord Roberts promptly replied: "I have often seen you, sir, but I have never heard of you."

Father: "Well, daughter, what did you learn in Sunday School today?" Little Miss: "That Susie Jones is going to have a party."

On July 4, 1894, there was but one practical automobile in the world.



CHINESE FOND OF DRAMA

Plays Written Hundreds Of Years Ago Are Still Used

Chinese are passionately fond of the drama, and in every Chinese town and village, plays are every day occurrences. In the big cities the theatres are always full; in the small towns and villages the plays are generally acted in the middle of the road by travelling companies, who bring their properties with them. The site chosen is often in front of a temple, says a correspondent to the London Times, so that the gods can get a good view. Any great national feast day will be the occasion of a play; or some local dignitary will have a company to perform before him.

The old plays, written hundreds of years ago, are still the plays of today. Every one in the audience knows the plot and most of the words of a play before he goes to it. Acting in consequence consists in the making of formal gestures to represent certain actions and emotions; there is no attempt to make a play realistic. All gestures have become crystallized to such an extent that there is a definite gesture for every emotion. Thus the whole interest of the play lies in the presentation of what is really a very slow and stately ballet, designed rather to delight the eyes than to excite the emotions.

Here it is that the orchestra comes in. Besides accompanying the singers, it has to beat time for almost every movement of the actors. A man raises his hand, the cymbals clash together; he takes a step forward, the gongs ring; he finishes a phrase, a drum is beaten.

While not every movement and phrase are thus punctuated, all Chinese love a noise, and they will sit for hours with gongs and drums going incessantly. The violin and the castanets or the flute accompany the singers, though occasionally the drums join in, and the cymbals, drums, and gong mark the movement of the actors. Thus, at almost every movement some instrument is at work.

A Chinese actor moves as no European or American. He glides about the stage. The most famous actor of the present time, Mei Lanfang, seems to float on air. Every one of his movements, however insignificant, is perfect. Mei Lanfang always takes female parts, like nearly all the most famous Chinese actors.

It Might Be Managed

President Of Film Company Had Helpful Suggestion

One of the "classic" stories of Hollywood is about the President of one of the big film companies who visited his studio on one of his semi-annual inspection trips. Walking up to one of the stages, he noticed a wolf being "shot" by a cameraman. "Stop!" he ordered! turning to the director. "For why you have this wolf in this picture? A wolf looks like nothing. For why don't you have a lion—that's an animal?" "But this scene is supposed to be in the Northwest," explained the director. "It's out in the woods—where you'd naturally expect to find a wolf. A lion wouldn't be found in this part of the world—up in the Canadian Rockies."

"A lion would look much better in the picture," insisted the film magnate.

"But how could a lion get up in the Northwest?" protested the director. "We have to be logical."

"Well, couldn't he have escaped from somewhere?" suggested the film magnate, trying to be helpful.

Tons Of Shells Exploded

Loaded with ammunition, a motor lorry travelling from Birmingham to London burst into flames. They kept bursting for three hours and roared like an "artillery bombardment." In the midst of the explosion was the driver of the lorry, who, with a heap of shells, had been slung through the windscreen. He was killed, and four others who tried to rescue him were badly burnt.

The Stubborn Bride

The bride of two weeks came to her mother weeping bitterly.

"What's wrong now?" asked mamma.

"John's so stubborn," replied the daughter.

"Stubborn?"

"Yes—he—he says he don't want—don't want to have a—big church funeral when he dies."

Schuyler: "You should always say 'Thanks' whenever anybody gives you anything."

Berger: "How about when a person gives you a pain?"

American machinery leads in South Africa, according to investigations of manufacturers.

Nerve Tests For Airmen

French Pilots Put Through Examination Every Six Months

All the sensations most aviators get in a lifetime are reproduced in a special laboratory at Le Bourget, where pilots are put through an examination.

Every man who takes a machine out of the aerodrome is put through a test every six months. First of all, the pilot is seated in a pivoted chair, which is swiftly revolved to test his sense of equilibrium. Then he has to walk ten yards in a straight line with eyes closed, balance himself on his toes, and stand on one leg and give a "high kick" with the other without staggering.

Nervous reactions are recorded electrically by various devices when the flier, blindfolded and seated in another pivoted chair, is suddenly tipped back and forward without warning.

Quickness of vision and thought are determined by an electrical timer which records how many hundredths of a second it takes a man to press a button after a signal light has been flashed in a dark room.

The effects which various altitudes have on the pilot are noted by placing him in a sealed steel and glass chamber, from which air is expelled to reproduce the atmospheric conditions at all heights up to 36,000 feet, which is approximately the world's altitude record. The temperature falls three degrees Fahrenheit for every 1,000 feet of altitude.

At 12,000 feet most people begin to feel headache and their hearts begin to play tricks; at 15,000 feet it is impossible to whistle; and at 21,000 feet a ringing bell cannot be heard. It has been found that a telephone ceases to operate at this height.

The doctors at Le Bourget claim that there has been no accident in the air through physical collapse of pilots who have been periodically examined at the laboratory, and it has been suggested that, if motorists were subjected to a similar system of intensive examination, the number of road accidents would be speedily reduced.

Warm Feed For Hogs

Methods Of Feeding Meat To Pigs In Cold Weather

That it pays to give pigs warm feed in cold weather was shown in a test made at the Kentville, Nova Scotia, Experimental Station. The pigs were divided into four lots as equal in weight as possible. Each lot received an equal quantity of meal, roots, and milk, and had access to water as required. The methods of feeding the meal however, were different for each lot. Lot 1 received meal fed dry and lot 2, meal in water slop fed cold. Meal soaked from one slop to the next was fed cold to lot 3 and warm to lot 4. The lot fed dry meal did not do as well as the three lots fed slop. Lot 4 did best, indicating that for cold weather warming the feed is profitable.

If men were compelled to bury their faults the undertakers would have to work overtime.

Too many men who have good ideas are unable to make good.



Banff Claims Youngest Musher

Banff claims the youngest western musher. Miss Gertrude Steele is the young lady's name. Morning ablutions and breakfast over, this ambitious three-year-old dons her outdoor togs and hies forth in quest of Jack, her faithful steed and companion. The latter is usually waiting around for his little mistress so she leads him to the sleigh where he stands patiently whilst she harnesses him. After making sure all is right, Miss Gertrude walks to the rear of the sleigh, then "Mush Jack" and away they go. Some time later, cheeks rosy from the run through the exhilarating air, the youthful musher returns home. "Where have you been?" asks mother. "Oh! Me and Jack mushed down to the depot to see the train come in," or, "Me and Jack mushed to the Cave and Basin," is generally the reply. She mushes, too, to the grocer's, the butcher's and anywhere mother may need her to go. Gertrude and Jack are inseparable, morning and afternoon they are seen on the streets of Banff. Canada's youngest musher is being seen in action during the Banff Winter Carnival at present taking place.

WHERE VEGETABLES ORIGINALLY CAME FROM

Things People Eat Every Day Gathered From Many Countries

If a census were taken on the subject of vegetable preferences, the humble potato would probably receive the blue ribbon.

The potato, like a number of other vegetables, reached Britain's shores after romantic adventures, says an article in Tit-Bits.

Three centuries ago Sir Walter Raleigh brought the potato from Virginia. Some of the tubers were introduced to Ireland, where they grew and multiplied, furnishing Erin with her staple product. Later a ship carrying potatoes was wrecked off the Lancashire coast. The fisher-folk planted the tubers washed ashore, and the potato soon became an everyday article of food.

The Romans introduced the turnip to these islands, producing in their own country specimens which, according to ancient chronicles, weighed forty to fifty pounds each.

The cucumber is older still. It was in everyday use in China centuries before the birth of Christ. It seems to have been known first in India, which would seem to prove that it flourished there before the dawn of recorded history.

From Peru comes the tomato, which originally grew wild on the seashore. The Peruvian gardeners cultivated it with such care that its fame spread first to Mexico and later to Europe.

Broad beans and green peas came from Asia Minor.

An Englishman travelling in Egypt about the end of the sixteenth century, noticed a vegetable which was common enough to the Egyptians but with which he was unacquainted. It was the cauliflower. With some difficulty he procured some seeds, which he intended to try to grow in England. They were lost in transit, however, and so the cauliflower was not made known to us until a century later, when it was brought over from Germany.

The carrot once grew wild in Greece, where it was used only as fodder for cattle and food for bees. Gradually its use as a vegetable became known in Greece, and at a later date in Britain.

Parsnips were similarly despised until a short while ago, and shallots brought over by the Crusaders were grown merely as a useful and effective antidote for snake-bites.

Travellers from Asia introduced the onion. The best imported onions come from Brittany, Tripoli, and Madeira, being of more delicate flavor and texture than the Spanish variety.

May Destroy "Pillar Of Salt"

The famous "Pillar Of Salt," identified as being "Let's Wife of the Old Testament" story, is reported to be in danger of being torn down for the manufacture of salt by the people holding the concession to work the Dead Sea deposits. The threatened extinction of this noted pillar is causing dismay in many quarters.

Bookkeeper: "My salary is not what it should be."

Office Boy: "But do you think you could live on it if it was?"

Standard rails weigh from 120 to 140 pounds per yard.

Scientific Survey Of Arctic Area Planned

Nobile Proposes To Spend Several Weeks Studying Climate

General Umberto Nobile, designer, constructor and pilot of the airship Norge, in which the expedition of Captain Raold Amundsen, Lincoln Ellsworth and General Nobile voyaged from Spitzbergen in Alaska over the North Pole in 1926, has left for Germany and Russia to make final arrangements with the Governments of those countries for the Italian airship expedition with which he proposes to make scientific studies in the polar regions this summer.

General Nobile's plan is to conduct a thorough scientific survey of the Arctic regions. Contrary to what was done the last time, when the whole effort was concentrated on the dash across the polar waste from terra firma to terra firma, he proposes to remain for several weeks in the Arctic zone studying temperatures, climatic conditions, prevalent winds, magnetic compass variations and other phenomena, a knowledge of which in addition to having high scientific interest, would also have a practical application, especially as these things affect the possibility of establishing air lines from America to Europe across the top of the world.

But all this requires the establishment of a permanent base at Spitzbergen, which, by courtesy of the Norwegian Government, is now being prepared. From this base, General Nobile plans to make repeated flights over the polar regions, possibly ending with another attempt to reach Alaska.

With the exception of mechanics to tend the engines, the crew will be composed entirely of scientific men, who will take the observations which are the real object of the expedition.

London Shops Have Queer Restrictions

May Sell Apricots During Evening But Not Apples

Uncooked tripe may be bought in England until 9.30 p.m., but cooked tripe not at all in the evening, according to the report of a Government committee which has been investigating early shop closing emergency regulations which came in during the war.

If the committee has its way about the restrictions they might be tightened up a bit and neither uncooked nor cooked tripe could be bought from a retailer after 8 p.m. The regulations apply to tobacco, chocolates, various prepared foods and other articles, and the Government plans to re-arrange the restrictions for the benefit of the public. There are many difficult obstacles to be overcome, the committee points out, calling attention to the fact that under the existing laws fruit sellers may sell apricots but not apples up to 9.30 p.m. The committee's way of abolishing this would be to forbid the sale of both apples and apricots after 7 or 8 p.m.

Wild Turkeys For B.C.

Game Board Has Imported Three As An Experiment

Three distinguished and very unusual visitors have arrived at Victoria bearing the name of mealegrs gallipavo feris. But that, according to Major Furber, chief provincial game inspector, is only the registered name. More commonly, the visitors are known as wild turkeys.

There are only three of them—two gobblers and a hen—but Major Furber hopes that they will be the nucleus of a colony which in years to come will number thousands.

Introduction of wild turkeys to Vancouver Island is another experiment of the British Columbia Game Board, which recently introduced muskrats and mountain sheep and goats to the island. The birds have been liberated at the Game Board's farm at Elk Lake, where care will be exercised to keep them in good health and special precautions will be taken to protect the young birds. The wild turkeys were brought from Ohio.

Could Make It Speedy

Uncle Ben dozed peacefully in his chair on the porch of the general store. Down the street tore a hattered yellow flivver racer, adorned with pennants and slogan plates and rattled to a stop in front of the store.

"Hey, Uncle," bawled one of the occupants, "any speed limit in this town?"

Uncle Ben spat wrathfully into the dust. "Speed limit?" he squeaked. "Dang it, no! You fellers can't git yerselves through this town half fast enough t'suit us!"

Shakespeare's handwriting was very hard to decipher, and was unscholarly in appearance.

Fruit Growing On The Prairies

Optimistic Opinion Is Given On The Subject Of Fruit Growing In The West

Fruit plantations and good, well flavored fruit yields soon will be the rule instead of the exception on Canadian prairie farms, in the opinion of W. R. Leslie, superintendent of the Dominion Experimental station at Morden, Man. Mr. Leslie made this prediction in an address broadcasted from the Western Soil Products exhibition, in Winnipeg. He told how fruit stock could be obtained and successfully cultivated, and declared persons interested in the experimental side would find it a fascinating pursuit, with strange and remarkable variations resulting from cross strains.

Mr. Leslie asserted an important start had been made in developing the sorts of apples, crabapples, plums and cherries which would flourish best on the prairies. This was no more than had to be done in any new territory, not even excepting the famous fruit growing districts of Quebec and Ontario. Now that many types had been obtained which were "comfortable" in prairie gardens, he expected early progress in the quality and quantity of fruit produced.

As an example of the thrills of surprise which might be expected in fruit grown from seeds, Mr. Leslie mentioned an apple of Russian origin. Its seedlings had matured fruit ranging from small crabs to apples more than three inches across. Among them were red, white, green, yellow and russett, including sour and sweet, acid and flat.

Plums were yet more eccentric, as they had to be cross-pollinated. This often was done with apricot pollen from flowers grown in pots.

Cherries were crossed with sand, pin and choke cherries on the Morden farm.

Altogether more than 4,000 plum seedlings and more than 6,000 apple seedlings had borne fruit at Morden Experimental Station.

Morden was not specially favored in climate he claimed. Similar fruits were bearing all through the prairie, though only in scattered districts to date.—Free Press.

Farm Canadian Way

Campaign In Argentina To Adopt Canada System Of Grain Handling

A nation-wide campaign for the adoption of the Canadian grain elevator system and grain marketing procedure in Argentina was inaugurated by Luis Duhua, the president of the Rural Society of Argentina.

Mr. Duhua, who last year personally studied the distribution, storing and marketing of crops in Canada, believes that the adoption of the Canadian system is the only way to save the Argentine grain grower from the exploitation by dealers, through whose hands practically the entire Argentine grain crop passes before it reaches the miller or foreign buyer.

Another Foolish Idea

A Riga despatch to the London Daily Mail quoted the Bolshevik newspaper, the Soviet Woman, as announcing that little Russian girls must not play with dolls. Dolls, it was asserted, represent the bourgeois idea of family life, awaken a love of motherhood and develop a taste for household duties, and therefore the Moscow Teachers' Union has banned them.

World Welcome Plan

Great Britain would welcome an arrangement between the allied powers and Germany whereby a general evacuation of the Rhineland could be carried out before the period set in the Treaty of Versailles, Godfrey Locker-Lampson, under secretary of the Foreign Office, declared in the House of Commons.



"Has that powder to prevent your husband from drinking done any good?"

"It tastes so nasty that he will only take it in a quarter of brandy." —Pages Gales, Yverdon.

Flying Comes Here To Stay And Conquest Of The Air Goes On Apace In Canada

Canadian fliers who may be anxious to attempt a transatlantic flight this summer will have much difficulty in securing permission from the federal government, because trans-oceanic hops are frowned upon in the Dominion on account of the aerial tragedies of 1927.

Legislation will be passed at the present session whereby licenses will have to be secured by pilots desiring to fly across the Atlantic. It will be extremely difficult to secure such a license.

Flying in the Dominion last year was more costly in dollars and in human life than ever before, no fewer than eleven pilots having been killed in flying accidents and yet no records were attempted or set by Canadians.

Flying has come to Canada to stay. It was born of the war when Col. William Avery Bishop, V.C., won every decoration possible for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in shooting down seventy-two enemy planes.

In these days of peace the conquest of the air goes on apace in the Dominion. The young men who reaped the whirlwind in the war returned to Canada to earn their living as civilians. But the spirit of war work survived, and in a small but seasoned organization called the Royal Canadian Air Force the traditions of aerial navigation were carried on.

The young airmen, trained in war days, looked to the civil department of government for employment. They were needed and within two or three years of the close of the war many of them were in the Royal Canadian Air Force, detecting forest fires, locating smugglers on the boundaries, and mapping out by photography the vast area of the hinterlands.

Canada was quick to establish the necessary code of law for navigation of the air, and today the Dominion is safeguarded by a set of strict regulations governing the licensing of all mechanics, pilots, air harbors, international flying signals and the inspection of aircraft.

The most conspicuous work done during the recent crowded years of flying history has been the survey work in which Canada has led the world. Last year more than 400,000 square miles of Canadian territory were photographed and mapped with an accuracy which would have required years and millions of dollars if done in the old way.

Parliament acknowledged Canada's future in the air was assured by providing \$3,000,000 last year for air development. Cities are being encouraged to provide future air harbors, technical advisers from Great Britain have visited the Dominion to make recommendations for the future linking of the Empire by airways, and the postoffice department is taking the initial steps toward what will be an Atlantic-to-Pacific air route.

Red Tape In France

A girl living in Epinal, France, has been refused a marriage license because she has never been officially born. She applied for a birth certificate, which is required before a marriage license can be issued, and the officials searched the records, but could find no trace of her birth having been entered. Her parents had apparently neglected to register her birth. She was informed that officially she was not born, and the wedding has had to be postponed.

Passenger: "Porter, is this a through train?"
Porter: "Nawsah, she's just done commenced, sah!"

A hair from a man's head is slightly heavier than a woman's hair.



"Emil, can you hear the murmur of our souls?"
"No. You are mistaken. It is my stomach. I have indigestion."—Fleegende Blatter, Munich.

W. N. U. 1721

Fisheries Of Alberta

Smaller Catch Is Reported For 1927 Over Previous Year

The fisheries of Alberta were not so active last year as in 1926, when a catch of 7½ million pounds netted the fishermen \$749,000, an increase over 1925 of \$280,000. Estimates of the total 1927 catch are placed at about six million pounds, with prices running about the level of 1926. The Alberta fishing activity depends largely on the production of the Manitoba lakes. The chief markets for the fish are New York and Chicago, and the Manitoba fishing companies fill these needs. If the Manitoba catch falls off, greater activity is necessary in Alberta, but if the Manitoba fisheries are active, Alberta is left with a smaller demand to fill.

During the past year a whitefish hatchery was built on Lesser Slave Lake, which, with Lake Athabasca, are the chief sources of supply.

Ship Carries Air Taxi

Passengers On West Indies Cruise May Take Side Trips In Plane

Passengers who sailed from New York on the North German-Lloyd liner Columbus for a cruise to the West Indies may, if they wish, take side trips by plane. When the vessel docked from Bremen, it carried between the funnels a huge silver and black Junkers hydroplane.

The pilot of the plane is Walter Hagen—not the golfer, but a German airman. On the metal sides of the air taxi is lettered its name, Globe Trotter. Hammond declared that fares for the air-route seers will be about \$1 a minute.



Paris-Inspired
One is immediately intrigued by its exquisite femininity. This stunning Parisian model No. 1702, fashioned of Creme de Menthe chiffon, derived distinction from its detail in cut. The bodice fits sleekly over the hips, adding a loose flat bolero at back to vary its smartness, and silver metal shoulder straps extend around the deep open neckline at the back. The skirt is made in three tiers with the selvaço used for the edge of each tier, and loose hanging circular panels with plicated edges furnish the new side fullness to flutter to dance tunes. No. 1702 is in sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 36 requires 6½ yards of 36-inch or 5½ yards 40-inch material, and ¾ yard 1½-inch lace banding. Price 25 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dress-maker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Co-Operation Between Railways

Two Transcontinental Systems Will Stand Together In Promoting Welfare Of Dominion

Whole-hearted co-operation between the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Canadian National Railways is assured in everything that will make the greatness of Canada, E. W. Beatty, president of the C.P.R., and Sir Henry Thornton, president of the C.N.R., declared at Engineer's Club, Montreal.

The occasion was a presentation dinner to the staffs of both roads, who contributed to the success of the second (triennial) Empire Mining and Metallurgical congress, held last year in Canada.

"Something has been said of the co-operation between the two railways during the Mining congress," said Mr. Beatty, "and it has been talked of as though it was something to marvel about. It is not. In anything that is of common interest to the country and the railways you will, I think, be able to find the Canadian National and the Canadian Pacific Railways joining in support of that effort, whatever it may be."

On the question of co-operation, Sir Henry Thornton had the following to say: "Let me say that we in Canada are too few in numbers to quarrel, and too poor in capital to fight each other. The progress of our country will be best assured by the co-operation of all institutions within our bounds and by the joining of each section of our country in promoting the welfare of the Dominion. We shall stand shoulder to shoulder with the Canadian Pacific Railway in the protection that is necessary to preserve the revenues of our great transportation systems."

Hinders Trade With India

H. R. Poussette, Canadian trade commissioner at Calcutta, writes that one factor that militates against the expansion of Canadian exports to India is the reluctance of Canadian manufacturers to send representatives to visit the markets of India and Ceylon and the Middle East generally. Similar complaints have been made by other trade commissioners.

If Australia could be transplanted into the Atlantic Ocean, it would fill up all the space between the United States and Great Britain.

For Better Understanding

Sir Hugh Denison Deprecates War Talk In Britain and U.S.

Sir Hugh Denison, former commissioner for Australia in the United States, pleading before the English Speaking Union for a better understanding between the United States and Great Britain, cautioned his hearers not to take Mayor Thompson of Chicago seriously.

Recalling the Chicago mayor's threats to burn school books and his other anti-British attitudes, Sir Hugh declared that Mr. Thompson no more represented the U.S. feeling than A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, represented England.

The former commissioner also made reference to Rear Admiral Plunkett's recent speech on the possibility of war between Great Britain and the U.S. and urged the people of both countries to weigh such matters in the proper balance.

He urged steps to bring about closer relations through visits of statesmen, mentioning particularly Senator Borah and industrialists of the two countries.

"They would find much in common," he said, and by exchanging visits would do a great deal in smoothing out the little misunderstandings which arise occasionally."

Declares Columbus Was Buried In America

Ashes Sent To Mexico In 1512 Says Spaniard

Where is Christopher Columbus buried? That is the question.

Historians have been telling the world that his ashes are buried in Seville, Spain. But Senor M. A. Coceo, who attended the Pan-American road convention, takes issue by asserting the remains are buried in America—specifically under the great cathedral in Santo Domingo City.

Senor Coceo says that the wife of Diego Columbus, son of the discoverer, petitioned Charles V. to remove the ashes of the discoverer from Valladolid, Spain to Santo Domingo. Permission was granted for the remains to be moved to Hispania America, according to his story, and in 1542 burial was effected under the altar of the cathedral in Santo Domingo City.

Many a man's financial goose has been cooked in a jack pot.

Canadian Sheep Breeders View The Future With The Utmost Confidence

Benefit Of Inoculation

Effect Of Inoculation Shown On the Yield Of Legume Crops

At several of the Experimental Farms in Canada tests have been made on the effect of inoculation on legume crop yield where legume bacteria were absent from the soil or present in insufficient numbers, and the results are summed up in a pamphlet on "Legume Inoculation" written by the Dominion Agricultural Bacteriologist. In some cases the increases in yield resulting from inoculation were comparatively slight, but in many instances they were strikingly large. At the Kapuskasing Experimental Station two years after seeding, the inoculated alfalfa seed produced 3 tons, 1,465 pounds of dry matter against 3 tons 967 pounds produced from untreated seed. Results at the Beaverlodge, Alberta, Station were much more striking. On areas clipped in the year of seeding on that station the aggregate crop of two years from inoculated red clover seed was 4 1/2 tons per acre as compared with only 320 pounds from uninoculated seed. For alsike the comparison was 4,263 pounds with 640 pounds and for sweet clover 5,660 pounds with 1,520 pounds per acre. The pamphlet may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

A Valuable Fertilizer

The Relative Value Of Fresh and Rotted Manure

Weight for weight rotted manure is more valuable than fresh manure as it contains percentages of plant food and has these elements in a more available condition. However, according to a new bulletin on "Manures and Fertilizers" written by F. T. Shutt, Dominion Chemist, and L. E. Wright, the losses in rotting frequently outbalance the benefits. Generally speaking, the sooner the farmer gets his manure while still fresh into or onto the soil the better. Still there are times when the rotting of manure is an advantage. It is well suited for light and sandy soils as it tends to make them more compact and retentive of moisture. On clays and heavy loams fresh manure is best as it improves their physical condition by opening them to the air and making them more friable. Fresh manure is also preferable for crops which have a long season of growth. With crops having a short period of growth and where early marketing is a consideration rotted manure with its quickly available plant food is best. It should be remembered that when rotting manure in a large heap the mass should always be kept compact in order to reduce losses to a minimum. The bulletin may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Flower Improves With Age

Carnation Exhibited At London Show Changes Color Instead Of Fading

A new carnation named Daphne which improves as it gets older was one of the exhibits at the Royal Horticultural Society show.

It is a medium-sized bloom, mauve in color, striped with heliotropo.

"As it becomes older," the grower said, "instead of fading, the tone changes to a delicate French grey, even more beautiful and artistic than its original coloring."

Another feature of the show was a little flower, Daphne Indica Rubra, which is said to be the sweetest smelling in the world.

Cause For Worry

Mrs. Jones found Mrs. Smith, the aviator's wife, in tears. "Whatever is the matter?" she asked, anxiously. "I'm worrying about Jim," said Mrs. Smith. "He's been trying all week to kill our cat, and as a last resource he took her up 2,000 feet in his plane. He said he would drop her over the side."

"Well, what is there to worry about?"

"Lots," exclaimed the frantic woman. "Jim isn't home yet, and the cat is."

Lady (interviewing prospective help): I may tell you that we are vegetarians.

Girl (anxious to be engaged): I've attended that church all my life, mum.

The movie "Annie Laurie" was filmed in England and Scotland.

"My Old Kentucky Home" was composed by Stephen C. Foster.



Ten Thousand Snowshoers Meet

1.—Snowshoers in full costume. 2.—A little diversion—the bounce. 3.—Notre Dame Church at Montreal.

Around ten thousand snowshoers and their friends visited Montreal on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Canadian Snowshoers' Association, which was held in that city February 3-6. The convention takes on an international character by the fact that the American Snowshoers' Association, with over 1,500 members in the state of New Hampshire and Massachusetts, also attended the convention. In addition there were representatives from the Manitoba Snowshoers' Association and a large attendance from the St. Henri Canadian Club, which was celebrating at the same time its fiftieth anniversary, while unattached snowshoers from all parts of Canada and

the United States went to Montreal for the function.

The convention was held under the auspices of the United Snowshoers' Clubs of Montreal and was featured by a carnival, during which the grand snowshoe championship of the world was decided. His Worship Mayor Martin was the patron of the convention, and in its celebration a banquet was given at the City Hall, at which the snowshoers were the guests of the city, on Sunday evening, February 5.

A number of snowshoers travelled distances up to 300 miles on foot to Montreal, but the majority took advantage of the special facilities offered in excursions at reduced rates by the Canadian Pacific Railway.

With 120,000 more sheep in Canada than a year ago, George Gordon, of Oak Lake, Manitoba, president of the Canadian Sheep Breeders' Association, at the annual meeting in Toronto, viewed the future with every confidence for a greater increase in sheep population during the year. He spoke particularly of the conditions in Manitoba, where 40 years of wheat raising had resulted in very weedy land, which required the use of sheep to clean it up. For this reason, 120,000 sheep more than the present number could be successfully employed in Manitoba at this work. A committee had been appointed to interview the board of trade and the land and mortgage companies in Winnipeg with a view to soliciting their support to encourage the loaning of sheep on their farms to help clean the land. He outlined the good results of the four sheep sales in Manitoba. The districts in which they were held at one time supplied the worst grades of sheep to be found in the country. Now conditions were entirely changed and over one thousand sheep were to be seen offered for sale in one place. The highest price paid per pound for a lamb was 80 cents, and a Manitoba bred ram sold for \$200. The prize pen of 15 lambs sold for 39½ cents a pound and 200 grade ewes for \$13.50 each.

Mr. Gordon urged every sheep breeder to ship his wool to the Canadian Co-operative. It was very encouraging to hear the big sheep men from the ranches of Southern Alberta say that the rancher who had shipped his wool every year to this organization had done much better than the man who shipped one year and sold to the private trade the next. Sheep men should not hesitate to patronize their own organization when they know they do so much to find markets for our wool. He said that the last shipment of 250,000 pounds of wool to England meant a great deal in opening up new markets and advertising Canadian wool. Last season approximately 3,000,000 pounds of wool, worth in the neighborhood of one million dollars, was handled, and the prospects for 1928 prices were good.

Cecil Stobbs, of McCreary, stated that the Dominion Government has removed some of the restrictions for importation of sheep from the United States owing to the prevalence of the foot and mouth disease in England.

Reports submitted by the representatives from the several provinces were all of a gratifying character, particularly that from the Maritime, where a total of 29,292 lambs sold for a total of \$195,164. Pure bred ram lambs sold for \$20 to \$25; shearing pure bred for \$25 to \$35; ewes, \$20 to \$30 and grades from \$10 up.

The receipts for the year were \$21,270 and expenditure of \$15,100. There is a balance of \$6,176. The record of registration shows 14,269 sheep of which 5,377 are Shropshires, with 3,743 Oxford Downs as the next in popularity. The total membership is 1,174 of whom 499 are in Ontario, 335 in Quebec, 61 in Manitoba, 53 in Saskatchewan, 104 in Alberta, and 11 in the United States. Among the total importations during the year of 328, there were 135 Shropshires, 60 Suffolk, 10 South Downs, 50 Romney, 2 Cheviots, 13 Black Face, 8 Leicester, 10 Rambouillet, 14 Merion.

The following officers were elected: President, Victor Sylvester, Ste. Hyacinthe, Quebec; vice-president, John Wilson, Innisfail, Alberta; secretary-treasurer, R. W. Wade.

It was decided to hold the next meeting in Quebec.

Palestine produced less than 800 tons of wool in the past year, and all of this is to be used in the making of carpets.



"Now, Max, give the little girl a kiss. Don't be shy. Go on!"

"Leave him alone—he will do it spontaneously later!" Maggendorfer Blaetter, Munich.

BRITAIN TO CANADA £2

YOU can arrange for your relatives and friends this low ocean fare—greatly reduced rail rates, children under 17 carried FREE.

Ask at once for details of the British Nomination Scheme from any office or agent of the

CANADIAN SERVICE

Cunard and Anchor-Donaldson LINES

The First Dose Relieves the Cough

And there are 40 doses in a 76-cent bottle! Pleasant to take and instant in action in every kind of Cough, Whooping Cough, Croup, "Flu" and Pneumonia. Eases irritated throats. Buy "Buckley's". Sold by all druggists and guaranteed.

W. K. Buckley, Limited, 142 Mutual St., Toronto 2

BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE

As quick as a flash—a single slip proves it 517

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The visit of Their Excellencies Viscount and Lady Willingdon to the Pacific coast will take place late in April.

Repairs destined to prop up the famous Leaning Tower of Pisa will be undertaken shortly under the supervision of the Ministry of Education and Fine Arts.

Commander C. T. Beard, R.C.N., will command the Champlain, and Lieut.-Commander R. I. Agnew, R.C.N., the Vancouver, the two new Canadian cruisers.

The population of British Columbia in 1926 was estimated at 568,000, according to the annual report of vital statistics for that year, tabled in the Legislature.

Hon. Gerald William Lascelles, brother of the Earl of Harewood and uncle of Viscount Lascelles, husband of Princess Mary, died recently in his 78th year.

Richard Kearson, noted naturalist whose writings and photographic close-ups of bird and animal life are widely known, died at his home in Surrey, England, aged 65.

Inauguration of a Federal subsidy to railways for carrying Canadian coal from British Columbia to Ontario and Quebec is sought by Charles Woodward, Liberal, Vancouver, in a resolution moved in the legislature.

The Moscow municipal council and other authorities are considering the launching of a "bicycle loan." The proceeds would provide large masses of Soviet citizens with reasonably priced home made bicycles.

Secretary of War Davis has announced he will ask Col. Charles A. Lindbergh to refrain from all stunt flying as his life is too valuable to aviation and the country. He will not ask Lindbergh to give up flying altogether.

Japanese to the number of 475 were admitted to Canada during the fiscal year 1926-27. Of this number 115 were adult males, 250 adult females, and 110 children under 18. This information was given in answer to a question in the House of Commons.

Banff's Famous Hot Springs

The hot springs near Banff in Rocky Mountains National Park, Alberta, are among the most important of their kind to be found on the American continent. The total flow of the five chief springs is about 40,000 gallons per hour or approximately 1,000,000 gallons per day.

Lois—"Meet me at the station at 5 o'clock."

Bill—"Fine. What time will you be there?"

ASTHMA STANDARD REMEDY

For 55 years Dr. Gild's Green Mountain Asthma Compound has successfully and quickly relieved the distressing symptoms of Asthma. Two sizes, \$1.50 and 35c., also cigarettes (box of 24, 60c.), at your druggist, or sent post paid for cash.

FREE TRIAL box of 6 cigarettes with treatise on causes and treatment of Asthma, etc., sent on request.

J. H. GILD CO.,
Dept. 23, RUPERT, VT., U.S.A.
Dist. for Can. by L. J. Laidlaw, 344 St. Paul St., W. Montreal

WANTED AT ONCE

100 MEN - - - 100 WOMEN

To earn from \$25.00 to \$40.00 a month in their spare time during the first four months of the new year.

For information write Mr. KNIGHT
EXCHANGE BUILDING - OTTAWA, ONT.

W. N. U. 1721

Protecting B.C. Fruit Crop

Counter-Parasites Are Being Imported Into Orchard Regions

Big will fight big this season to protect the Okanagan fruit crop from destruction. Counter-parasites are being imported into the orchard regions in a campaign to decimate the codling moth and earwig.

The counter-parasites, according to E. R. Buckle, provincial entomologist at Vernon, will be obtained from Wenatchee, Wash., the United States government having offered to cooperate fully with the British Columbia authorities. Parasites intended to the codling moth and earwig have done effective work in the past, although they have to be handled with a great deal more care because of the danger of introducing secondary pests with them.

Unless the codling moth is suppressed, growers fear that it may bring about destruction as extensive as in the state of Washington, where losses due to the activity of this pest were \$5,000,000 in 1926. Eight hundred carloads of apples were classified as culls in the Yakima district for same reason.

Pleased With Visit

Kellogg Says Ottawa Visit Was Most Enjoyable He Ever Spent

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, on his return to Washington, from his trip to Canada, said he never enjoyed a visit more in his life. Speaking of his reception at Ottawa, the secretary said that while Canadian hospitality was proverbial the manner in which he was received by the governor-general, Viscount Willingdon; the prime minister, Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, and the officials and members of parliament, had been beyond his anticipation. The secretary was particularly interested in the Archives building at Ottawa, which he thought was one of the most interesting exhibits in the world.



Fitted Hipline

The charming frock shown here has a bloused bodice with a deep V-shaped front finished with a collar that terminates in a tie with a bow and loose hanging ends. The two-piece skirt is tucked at the top to achieve a snug effect below the blousing, and the long sleeves are gathered to wristbands. No. 1706 is in sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 36-inch or 2 1/2 yards 54-inch material, and 3/4 yard 27-inch contrasting. Price 25 cents the pattern.

The secret of distinctive dress lies in good taste rather than a lavish expenditure of money. Every woman should want to make her own clothes, and the home dressmaker will find the designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book to be practical and simple, yet maintaining the spirit of the mode of the moment. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. 1706 Size 36

Name

Town

FACES ACROSS THE SEA

Image Of Woman Transmitted By Television For First Time

New worlds were opened up when faces were flashed across the sea by television in a way which was never foreseen even by Jules Verne in all his fanciful imagination. For the very first time the image of a woman was sent across despite the fact she left her position in front of the transmitter a few seconds to glance in a wall mirror to make certain her hair had not become mussed in the excitement. Dummies and men's faces had been flashed across in previous tests but never a woman. John L. Baird, inventor of the television explained he had difficulty in finding a woman willing to attempt to sit still for twenty minutes or half an hour. The transmission was accomplished from Baird's Television laboratories in London, direct into the receiving station at Hartsdale, New York, which had been rigged up for the occasion.

Baird himself was the first sitter before the transmitter. Afterward, W. C. Cox, of the London Press Association sat for half an hour. Reports came back from the United States that Fox was showing up well. Then Mrs. Howe, wife of James Howe, of the London Bureau of the Associated Press, took her seat in front of the seventeen glowing incandescent lamps, of 300 candlepower each.

Baird was as excited as a boy when he heard detailed reports of the reception in the United States of the image of Mrs. Howe.

"Indeed I was delighted," Baird said. "It was a splendid demonstration as far as the subjects on this side were concerned. These tests are merely try outs of the unlimited television possibilities of the near future."

"It was the greatest thrill of my life when Mr. Baird told me my image had been seen on the other side of the Atlantic," Mrs. Howe said. "The glare and heat of the electric lights bothered me only a trifle—I was too thrilled at the novelty of it all to think of the temporary discomfort."

MANY MOTHERS RECOMMEND THEM

Baby's Own Tablets Are Fine For Nervous, Sleepless Children

From Canada the fame of Baby's Own Tablets is spreading over the world. Mothers recommend them to other mothers and wherever they are tried nothing but words of praise are heard for these pleasant tasting little tablets that promptly relieve the minor ailments of young children.

"Baby's Own Tablets are one of the best remedies for children's ailments I have ever used," says Mrs. Arthur T. Allen, of Auburn, Me. "My little girl was nervous and could not sleep. I tried the Tablets and she was relieved at once. She was also troubled with constipation and nothing seemed to help her. I had used the Tablets but a short time before her bowels were regular. All mothers should keep Baby's Own Tablets in the house for they are a valuable remedy."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all druggists or will be mailed on receipt of price, 25 cents per box, by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Federal Grants For Fairs

Policy Of Government Should Be Better Defined

Western members of parliament are in receipt of telegrams almost daily from constituents in regard to the federal grants to class B fairs, and there is every indication that the policy of the government in this regard will be a subject of keen controversy in the present session.

The difficulty arises out of the manner in which the grants are given. Some fairs receive assistance and others do not, and the government hitherto has declined to base the assistance upon any principle. Western members declare that the grants should be given to all fairs which can qualify as class B, or discontinued entirely.

Many a man who has made a failure at everything else imagines that he is a success as a husband.

The man who is looking for trouble doesn't have to advertise for it.

Frostbites.

Minard's Liniment counteracts inflammation, eases the pain, soothes and heals.



Delicious Oyster Stew

Being doubly creamy, St. Charles Milk so enriches an oyster stew that it is irresistible. Try it.

FREE RECIPE BOOK

Write The Borden Co. Limited, Montreal.

Borden's ST. CHARLES MILK

Noted Indian Chief Dead

Narrowly Escaped Being Buried Alive 25 Years Ago

Moses Brown, noted Indian chief of the Chehalis Reserve, B.C., is dead and buried and this time, his fellow-tribesmen say, the old man is not likely to rise again.

The chief was almost buried alive 35 years ago. For two days the Indian villagers thought he was dead as a result of an accident. They placed the body in a coffin, performed the usual tribal funeral rites, and set out for the burial ground. When the coffin was being lowered into the grave it accidentally jarred against the bottom and the sudden jolt brought the occupant back to consciousness.

Realizing that he was imprisoned, Moses began to beat furiously on the coffin, which was immediately broken open by the astonished Indians. The man supposedly dead walked home with the mourners, apparently none the worse for his experience.

The dead chief served the provincial and federal governments as a guide for years and as a boy accompanied many prospecting parties into the Cariboo during the gold rush. He was the only full-blooded Indian ever employed as a bartender in British Columbia. That was in New Westminster in the early days of the province.

Besides being known as a great medicine man among the Indians, Chief Moses was well educated. He could speak, read and write, fluently, and also had a good knowledge of French, Spanish and Chinese.

Truth About Cancer

"Neither X-rays nor radium has ever cured, or will ever prove of service, as a cure of cancer. For of both of these appliances I have had ample experience."

"It is no use experimenting upon a disease unless we first of all know something of its natural history; and yet the general consensus of opinion amongst surgeons, which they have no hesitation in circulating, is that the cause of cancer is not known. Yet they continue to treat it by methods that apply only to a local outcrop, which, much to my regret, I was guilty of doing for a number of years before my eyes were opened to the folly of it."

"The fact remains that operative treatment for cancer has been practised from time immemorial and from my knowledge of the disease I affirm that the knife has never cured cancer in a single instance; but, on the contrary, has only succeeded in aggravating the disease and adding to the sufferings of the poor patient; and also shortening his or her life, which latter, perhaps, might be looked upon as a godsend in the circumstances."

"Now cancer is a blood disease—and there is no gaining this—the local manifestation being merely an outcrop of the malady, the cause being prolonged toxic condition of the blood."

Love of humanity and truth impelled the internationally celebrated British cancer surgeon Dr. Robert Bell, M.D., F.R.C.P.S., &c., to abandon his lucrative surgical practice and, with convincing proofs of his above quoted statements this eminent authority successfully opposed and refuted the modern orthodox methods of treating the deadliest known disease.

Before passing at an advanced age in 1926, wishing to ameliorate the condition of cancer sufferers in Canada and the United States, Dr. Robert Bell kindly authorized the writer to use his printed works and personal letters in humanity's service and a book of valuable information concerning prevention and treatment of cancer without surgical operation, radium or X-ray treatments or expense can be obtained, without charge, on application to Charles Walker, 51 Brunswick Avenue, Toronto, 4, Ontario, Canada.

A Parisian poet, Louis Leigara, entered a cage of wild lions and read his poems for half an hour. The lions seemed unharmed.

The man who has millions today doesn't control a single minute of tomorrow.

If you're not up and doing, you're down and being done.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FEBRUARY 26

OTHER MIGHTY WORKS OF JESUS

Golden Text: "Thy faith had made thee whole."—Mark 5:34.

Lesson: Mark 5:22-13.

Devotional Reading: Ephesians 3:14-21.

Explanations and Comments

I. The Triumph Of Love Over Pride, verses 22, 23.—When Jesus reached the western shore of the lake, after the events of our last lesson, Jairus, a ruler of the synagogue (perhaps of the one which had been built by the centurion of Luke 7:5) came to him and fell at his feet in supplication. "My little daughter (an only child, Luke 8:42), is at the point of death; I pray Thee, that Thou come and lay Thy hands on her, that she may be made whole, and live." The ruler was a proud Pharisee, and we have seen how bitterly hostile to Jesus the majority of the Pharisees had become by this time. No thought of what others said about Jesus deterred Jairus from seeking Him, and no thought of his own station held him back from throwing himself in an attitude of worship at the feet of the Rabbi. There was no act of homage he would not render if only his beloved child might be restored to him.

II. The Triumph Of Faith, verses 24-34.—Jesus assented to the ruler's urgent request, and was on His way with him to his home, followed by a great crowd of people, when an interruption came. There was a woman in the throng who had been ill for twelve years and had spent all her money on physicians, under whose treatment she had suffered much, but had grown worse rather than better. This recalls the ancient Jewish saying that "Even the best of doctors deserves Gehenna." This woman pushed herself forward and touched the garment of Jesus in the belief that the touch would cure her.

"I touched but his garments, I shall be made whole," the woman said to herself. "Daughter, thy faith hath made thee whole; go in peace, and be whole of thy plague," were the comforting words the woman heard.

While Jesus was speaking with the woman, there came a messenger from the ruler's house who said to the ruler, "Thy daughter is dead; why troublest thou the Teacher any further?" "Fear not, only believe," were the comforting words which Jesus addressed to the stricken father. Jesus then continued his way to the house of Jairus, but permitted no one to come with him save Peter, James and John, the three disciples who especially shared his confidence. On reaching the ruler's house they heard the tumult and weeping and wailing of hired mourners. "Why make ye a tumult and weep?" Jesus said to them: "The child is not dead, but asleep." By these words Jesus did not deny that physical life had departed. The people in the house took the words of Jesus literally, and by their scornful laughter said that they knew she was really dead. Jesus put them all out of the room, allowing only his three disciples and the father and mother to remain. Then he took the child by the hand and said to her, "Talitha, cumi, that is, 'Damsel, I say unto thee, Arise.' At once the twelve-year-old maiden arose and walked."

CREAM OF TOMATO SOUP

2 1/2 cups canned or fresh "cooked tomatoes.

3/4 small onion, sliced.

1 stalk celery, minced.

1 tablespoon minced parsley.

1/2 bay leaf.

1/2 whole cloves.

1 teaspoon salt.

1/4 teaspoon pepper.

1 teaspoon sugar.

1/4 teaspoon soda.

2 tablespoons butter.

2 tablespoons flour.

1 1/4 cups Borden's St. Charles Milk.

1 1/4 cups water.

Add seasoning to tomatoes and simmer fifteen minutes, strain.

Melt butter in saucepan, stir in flour. Dilute milk with water, pour slowly into butter and flour, stirring until it thickens. Continue to cook five minutes. Just before serving, add soda to tomatoes, gradually add tomatoes to white sauce, stirring constantly, serve immediately.

All or any of the vegetable seasonings may be omitted, but their addition gives a smooth, well-blended flavor to the soup.

How She Saved

A poor blind woman in Ireland put ten shillings into a plate at a missionary meeting. "You cannot afford so much," said one. "Yes, I can," she answered. On being pressed to explain, she said, "I am blind, and I asked my neighbor how much money he spent for oil in his lamps in a year. He replied 'Ten Shillings.' So I found that I have saved so much because I am blind, and do not need a lamp and I give it to shed light to hearth and lands."

Back Sent Record

He had just bought a car. His wife went with him on a few expeditions, and did not hesitate to criticize her husband's driving.

"Hello, old man!" said a neighbor one evening. "I see you've got a car. What do you get out of her?"

"About 40,000 words to the gallon," answered the husband.

Some folks persist that a healthy baby should be a delicate pink. Too many of them are robust yellows.

Woodsmen—Keep Minard's handy.

CANCER

Great Success of Cantasium Treatment

A well-known London surgeon and recognized authority on Cancer has created world-wide interest in the discovery that Cancer is due to a deficiency of potassium "salts" in the body, which causes the cells to break down and become malignant.

In order that every one may learn

The Real Cause of Cancer

A remarkable book has been specially written. This book will be sent free to patients or any one who is interested in the most successful method of fighting "THE CANCER SOURCE."

The following is a list of the chapters:

1. The Limitations of Surgery;
2. Some Doctors Oppose Operation;
3. What Cancer Is;
4. Why THE BODY CELLS BREAK DOWN;
5. Injuries Cooking Methods;
6. Common Errors in Diet;
7. Vital Elements of Food;
8. Medical Endorsements of Cantasium;
9. The Chief Minerals of the Body;
10. The Thyroid Gland;
11. Age When Lime Begins to Accumulate;
12. Potassium Causes Lime Excretion;
13. Great Value of Potassium;
14. Parts of the Body Liable to Cancer;
15. Parts Which Are Seldom Affected;
16. How a Doctor Can Help;
17. How to Avoid Cancer;
18. Dentist's Rule From Cancer;
19. Rheumatism and Old Age;
20. Rheumatism, Gout and Kindred Complaints.

With this book are a number of interesting case-reports proving the great value of "Cantasium Treatment" in various cases. The treatment is simple and inexpensive, and can be easily taken in one's own home. Apply for free book to Charles Walker, 51 Brunswick Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

Planning First Air Cruise

Keen Interest Taken In Flight Being Arranged by Imperial Airways

The first aerial cruise in the history of the world will leave Croydon aerodrome shortly, carrying 12 passengers on a de luxe 35-day tour of France, Spain, Northern Africa, Sicily, and Italy.

Keen interest is being manifest in the epochal flight which is being arranged by the Imperial Airways and a number of Americans have requested permission to join the cruise.

Luxurious service on board the plane will be a feature of the trip, the crew, including pilot, pilot engineer, and steward. Luncheons as well as afternoon tea will be served on board the plane, and passengers will have a first class buffet at their disposal.

This first air cruise in the world will include a distance of 5,500 miles by air, in addition to hundreds of miles by car, all of which has been arranged by the directors of the tour.

Doctor—About nine patients out of ten don't live through this operation. Is there anything I can do for you before we begin?

Dusky Patient—Yassah. Kindly hand me mah hat.

The BABY



Why do so many, many babies of today escape all the little fearful spells and infantile ailments that used to worry mothers through the day, and keep them up half the night?

If you don't know the answer, you haven't discovered pure, harmless Castoria. It is sweet to the taste, and sweet in the little stomach. And its gentle influence seems felt all through the tiny system. Not even a distasteful dose of castor oil does so much good.

Fletcher's Castoria is purely vegetable, so you may give it freely, at first sign of colic, or constipation, or diarrhea. Or those many times when you just don't know what is the matter. For real sickness, call the doctor, always. At other times, a few drops of Fletcher's Castoria.

The doctor often tells you to do just that; and always says Fletcher's. Other preparations may be just as pure, just as free from dangerous drugs, but why experiment? Besides, the book on care and feeding of babies that comes with Fletcher's Castoria is worth its weight in gold!

Children Cry for



Don't dose a Child's Cold

CONTINUAL dosing upsets children's delicate stomachs. Vicks is applied externally and therefore cannot disturb the digestion. It acts in two ways:

- (1) The body heat releases the ingredients in the form of vapors which are inhaled.
- (2) At the same time Vicks "draws out" the soreness like a poultice.

VICKS
21 VAPORUB
OVER 12 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

COPYRIGHT, CANADA, 1925

CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

His house of branches was replaced by a little log shanty, with a home-made fireplace built of stones from the river, and into it he moved before winter. In the spring he returned to civilization with his season's catch of furs. After that his victory was assured, and if he had been more sociable and friendly he would have received the admiration of the settlement at Bannerman. As it was he did his trading almost silently, volunteering no explanation of his strange ways; and no man can gain the confidence of his fellow men unless he is willing to explain himself.

The year before the war, the Englishman had built a shingled bungalow, with glassed-in verandah, and hardwood floors. He had built-in cupboards and furnished it in such a manner that many a man living in the settlement was subject to drastic questioning by the wife of his bosom, who drew pointed comparisons between the house she was forced to live in and this one. Why was it that a crazy Englishman who lived alone but for his dogs, could afford such luxuries as these, while whole families were still living in congested quarters? Matters grew still more unpleasant when it was rumored that he was going to pipe the water from a lake in the mountains to his house.

The only explanation the harrassed husbands could think of, and it did not entirely satisfy, was that the man must be receiving money from home. No man could do all this on his fur catches.

It was Bill Larsen, the Swede, who conceived the idea of visiting this new house, and to this end organized a fishing party one Sunday morning in the spring of the year. English River abounded in mountain trout, and it was easy to get a party together to go out. They could ask permission to boil a kettle and in that way get in to see the house.

The party came back late that night registering complete success. He had not only asked them to come in, but had cooked a meal for them—

OPERATION LEFT HER VERY WEAK

Letter Tells of Wonderful Relief After Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Coniston, Ontario.—"After a severe operation and a three weeks' stay in a hospital I returned home so weak that I was unable to move a chair. For four months I was almost frantic with pains and suffering until I thought sure there could not be any help for me. I had very severe pains in my left side and suffered agonies every month. One day when I was not able to get up my mother begged me to try your medicine. My husband got me a bottle of Vegetable Compound at once and I took it. I started a second bottle, and to my surprise and joy the pains in my side left me completely and I am able to do all my work without help. I am a farmer's wife, so you see I can't be idle long. In all, I have taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, five boxes of the Compound Tablets, two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine, and have also used the Sensitive Wash."—Mrs. L. LARSENESSE, Box 103, Coniston, Ontario.

W. N. U. 1721

The Fall Of Trotsky

Faces the Cruel Punishment Of the Old Autocratic Government

There are many ironies in the exile of Trotsky to Siberia.

There is the irony that he who next only to Lenin, was the main creator of the Soviet regime, is now crushed and rejected by it.

There is the irony that he follows the way of the helpless Czar whom he sent to his death at Ekaterinburg. There is the irony that, in facing Siberian exile, he faces the cruel punishment of the old autocratic government which every Russian liberal for a century has vowed to end.

And there is the final irony that the world at large will take from the exile of Trotsky all sorts of valuable lessons of the exact kind which neither he nor the Soviet tyrants will want it to take. — New York Post.

CHILBLAINS

Zam-Buk soon alays the inflammation and swelling, ulcers, itching pain, and soothes the maddening irritation. Where skin is broken, festers, or ulcerated Zam-Buk is doubly valuable because of its great healing and antiseptic power.

Zam-Buk

"Good Lord, man, you're crazy! Them were dandy dogs? What in thunder did you want to shoot them for—I thought you were a real dog man."

"No one will ever abuse my dogs. I wanted to be sure, that's why. I gave the Ransom's a horse, and they promised to care for Cleo as long as she lives. What will you give me for the horses? Be quick now!" He had no time to argue—he was going on the train that day.

"One hundred dollars for the whole thing," said one of the men.

"Very well," said the Englishman. "I'll take it. Be good to them."

He went to the boarding house for dinner, where he was the centre of curious eyes, for the story of his wild intention was known. When he had eaten a hasty meal he stood up suddenly and broke into speech.

"Boys, you are wrong," he began, in going on mining coal and thinking you do not need to hear the call your country has sent out. The British Empire is threatened, her enemies are at the gates. Belgium, a little country, has been violated. While you sit here, villages are burning, women are screaming—and the Germans are marching triumphantly on. Have you no pride, no manhood? . . . I know the Germans . . . they have been getting ready for years. Lord Roberts told the Empire to get ready—it was coming—but they went on like you—business as usual!"

He paused here, overcome with emotion. One or two of the men laughed, the others regarded him stolidly. Crazy Englishman! Crazier than ever!

"Well, say, looka here," began Bill Larsen, "what are you gettin' so hot up over, I'd like to know." Bill, although the proprietor of the "Grande Pacific," a hotel licensed to sell mail and spirituous liquor, and presumably a place of refreshment for man and beast, made no pretence of supplying meals even for himself, but took the monthly rate from Mrs. McMann. "What's bitin' you? Go yourself if you want to—what's holdin' you back?—but what's the call for abusin' us because we don't want to stand up and stop bullets. My old granddad fought in the American war, and he got his fill of it, I'll say!—lost an eye and a leg, and got four dollars a month of a pension from his grateful country! It don't look like a safe proposition. How do you know who's right? Your British Empire wasn't so darned right when she had the little run-in with the United States. How do you know she's right this time?"

(To Be Continued.)

Islands Make Final Payment

Final contributions of Jersey and Guernsey to the cost of the great war have been received in London. Jersey's contribution amounted to £300,000, and a cheque for that amount was received in the Treasury. Guernsey's cheque was for £200,000 and was received at the Home Office. The two sister islands made simultaneous final payment by previous arrangement between themselves.

A poet has discovered perpetual motion. The magazine editors send him back as much as he sends them.

The motorist has the right-of-way and the pedestrian has what's left.

(To Be Continued.)

Islands Make Final Payment

Final contributions of Jersey and Guernsey to the cost of the great war have been received in London. Jersey's contribution amounted to £300,000, and a cheque for that amount was received in the Treasury. Guernsey's cheque was for £200,000 and was received at the Home Office. The two sister islands made simultaneous final payment by previous arrangement between themselves.

A poet has discovered perpetual motion. The magazine editors send him back as much as he sends them.

The motorist has the right-of-way and the pedestrian has what's left.

(To Be Continued.)

Islands Make Final Payment

Final contributions of Jersey and Guernsey to the cost of the great war have been received in London. Jersey's contribution amounted to £300,000, and a cheque for that amount was received in the Treasury. Guernsey's cheque was for £200,000 and was received at the Home Office. The two sister islands made simultaneous final payment by previous arrangement between themselves.

A poet has discovered perpetual motion. The magazine editors send him back as much as he sends them.

The motorist has the right-of-way and the pedestrian has what's left.

(To Be Continued.)

Islands Make Final Payment

Final contributions of Jersey and Guernsey to the cost of the great war have been received in London. Jersey's contribution amounted to £300,000, and a cheque for that amount was received in the Treasury. Guernsey's cheque was for £200,000 and was received at the Home Office. The two sister islands made simultaneous final payment by previous arrangement between themselves.

A poet has discovered perpetual motion. The magazine editors send him back as much as he sends them.

The motorist has the right-of-way and the pedestrian has what's left.

(To Be Continued.)

Islands Make Final Payment

Final contributions of Jersey and Guernsey to the cost of the great war have been received in London. Jersey's contribution amounted to £300,000, and a cheque for that amount was received in the Treasury. Guernsey's cheque was for £200,000 and was received at the Home Office. The two sister islands made simultaneous final payment by previous arrangement between themselves.

Goodwill Tours To Europe

Members Of Parties Will Take Own Cars and Motor Through Europe

A friendlier feeling between Canadian, American and European motorists which, in turn, will be transmitted to a much wider circle of people on the two continents will, it is hoped, be engendered as a result of two personally conducted "goodwill" tours to Europe this summer organized by the White Star Line under the official auspices of the Montreal Motorists' League. It is stated in an official announcement by the White Star Line.

A novel feature of the tours will be that those going to Europe with these parties will take their own cars and motor through Europe and Great Britain.

Wherever they go receptions will be arranged in the principal cities and it is anticipated that the Touring Club of France, and the Automobile Association of Great Britain, with which the Montreal Motorists' League is affiliated, will tender official receptions to the parties and, in this way play their part in promoting goodwill between Europe and the North American continent.

Already there have been inquiries from Winnipeg, Vancouver, Toronto, several cities in the province of Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, and with the announcement of these tours in the United States it is expected that there will be a regular string of requests from American motorists.

One of the principal ideas underlying these parties is to persuade Canadian and American motorists, who already have much in common, to travel across the ocean together and, by personal contact with motorists in Great Britain and in Europe, build up a firmer feeling of friendship between the people on the two continents.

The first party, with their own cars, will sail from Montreal on the White Star liner "Mégantic," on July 26, and return from Liverpool on the White Star liner "Calgarie," on August 31.

The second group will sail from Montreal on the White Star liner "Albertic" on September 6, and return from Southampton on the same steamer on October 20.

Both these parties will follow practically the same itinerary, landing at Antwerp, Brussels, Paris, Rouen, Havre and motoring thence to Rouen, through the Canadian battlefields by way of Neuve Chapelle, Amiens, Doullens, Arras, Vimy Ridge, the Somme, Lille, Tournay, Mons, Cambrai, St. Quentin, Compiègne to Paris where several days will be spent, then by way of Chateau Thierry to Reims, Verdun, Luxembourg and Treves, Cologne, Aix la Chapelle, Brussels, Antwerp, Amsterdam, The Hague, Rotterdam, and then by steamer to Harwich from where the party will make a circular tour of England and Scotland.

Vermilion Map Sheet

Marked Changes From Early Days Is Shown By Aerial Survey

A score or more of years ago one travelled from Saskatoon to Battleford and Edmonton and there were no intervening settlements. The go-pher and the badger had their way with the land and viewed with a placidity born of ignorance the straggling parties of surveyors at work on laying out the farms of the next generation.

Today most of these areas are filled with settlers. The stupendous change that the years have brought is clearly pictured in the latest edition of the Vermilion Map Sheet, located seventy-five miles east of Edmonton, now on the press of the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa. The wilderness that was, has been made to blossom into something distinctly more profitable than the rose. An area of eighty-four miles east and west by forty-eight miles north and south is, except in three wooded townships, settled to the extent of one farmstead to the quarter-section in many cases.

The new map will be of incalculable use to prospective settlers, travellers, business men and others. Shown on it are farmhouses, schools, grain elevators, post-offices, towns and villages, telegraph offices, telephone lines and railroads.

Also clearly indicated in different colors are the main roads, secondary roads and lesser travelled trails along which centers the ubiquitous motor car where formerly the buffalo alone ranged.

Traversing the region from east to west are the trough-like valleys of the North Saskatchewan and the tortuous Vermilion. Many small lakes and lesser waterways, both ornamental and useful, brought to light by the photographs of the Aerial Survey, have been mapped.

The 1885 rebellion is recalled in the location of the site of the Frog Lake massacre.

OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

Soothing—yet a man's smoke
COOL AND FRAGRANT



Save the Valuable
"POKER HANDS"

Old Violins

Three Genuine Stradivarius Are Found In The Ottawa District

Three genuine Stradivarius violins have been located in the Ottawa District. In most cases they fell into the possession of their recent owners when they were purchased for a song." Mrs. E. Jamieson purchased a viola six years ago from an old gentleman for \$10. The words "Antonius Stradivarius Cremonensis Faciebat Anno 1716" are inscribed on the inside of the instrument, which she purchased for her son to practice on.

W. L. Weaver, of Mountain, Ont., purchased the violin, which he claims to be a Stradivarius, 18 years ago in New Ontario, from a Russian who was in straitened circumstances. It bears the same inscription as the violin owned by Mrs. Jamieson but is dated 1736.

The third violin is in the possession of John Pumphrey, of Camden township. His violin has been pronounced genuine by experts. He values the instrument at \$15,000 and has refused \$10,000 for it.

Cancer Research

Too Much Secrecy Adopted By Those Engaged In This Work

Dr. Charles H. Mayo, famous surgeon, of Rochester, Minn., finds too much secrecy enshrouding research work of cancer cures. "Too much secrecy, that is the main drawback in the search for a cancer cure as it is now being conducted by research scholars throughout this country," said Dr. Mayo. A government program of unified research, such as was outlined in Chicago recently at the American medical association meeting by Surgeon General Hugh S. Canning, of the United States public health service, was advocated by Dr. Mayo as a means of casting off the "secrecy and mystery" in which research scientists have shrouded their experiments on cancer.

Green fruit may be ripened in a few hours by means of ethylene gas.



Acid Stomach

Excess acid is the common cause of indigestion. It results in pain and sourness about two hours after eating. The quick corrective is an alkali which neutralizes acid. The best corrective is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained standard with physicians in the 50 years since its invention.

One spoonful of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia neutralizes instantly many

times its volume in acid. It is harmless and tasteless and its action is quick. You will never rely on crude methods, never continue to suffer, when you learn how quickly, how pleasantly this premier method acts. Please let it show you—now.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

Groceries and Meats

F. T. Holt's Market

SERVICE

Phone 32

RALPH BROS.
Transfer

They Like Our Bread

"We have looked over the loaf of bread you sent us and consider that it is very good indeed."
—The Fleischmann Company."

"Eat the Best!" — "Forget the Rest!"
Maple Leaf Bakery
PHONE 38

We offer our customers fair prices and a wide variety of the choicest meats procurable, both in fresh and cured meats

PHONE 81

Piepgrass Meat Market

An Invitation to Farmers

A Tractor School

under the direction of the John Deere Plow Company will be held in Lethbridge at the Warehouse tomorrow, Saturday, February 25th commencing at 9 a. m.

All are invited to attend

Raymond Service Station
J. D. HALL
Farm Implements

G. W. LEECH, M. D., C. M.
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

Office over Bennett's Store
Office phone 66.

DR. SAMUEL ASTROF
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

(Post Office Building)
Raymond

—Office Hours—
10-12 2-5 7-8
Phone 127



LEE'S COLUM

Did you see 'The Way of All Flesh?' Didn't you like it? It will be shown again tonight and Saturday.

By all means don't miss seeing "The Winning of Barbara Worth" written by Harold Bell Wright and starring Ronald Coleman and Vilma Banky. It is showing Friday and Saturday March 9 and 10. Please arrange to come early as we anticipate breaking all house records, and remember the dates, March 9 and 10.

Did you hear the story of the Hebrew and the Scotchman who purchased a street railway, and they both appeared the first morning each wearing a conductor's cap.

Salt Lake's "Sweetheart" Betty Compton starring with Kenneth Harker will be seen in "Cheating Cheaters" next Wednesday and Thursday. It is a clever mixture of tense drama and highly hilarious fun, so don't cheat yourself of an evening of entertainment.

Statistics—Figures show that women are wearing fewer clothes.

I'm not forgetting the kids! For their benefit we are giving a special comedy matinee on Saturday. Send them along. We'll take good care of them.

As Mayor Hardy's posters (a la Bill Jones says) "anyone who resents criticism retards his own progress." Tell me how you like my programs. I am still able to learn.

Famous Last Words—"I'll see you at the Rex tonight."

—Lee Brewerton.

Treat Your Seed With Copper Carbonate and Kill the Smut

Do it now. I have a machine to do the work—the Samson Treater which I will rent to you at \$1.50 per day. Will handle 60 bushels per hour. Either hand or power turn.

Also for sale—\$35, \$40 and \$60, treating 60, 60 and 100 bushels per hour respectively.

Ask for a demonstration. Copper Carbonate for sale at 25c. per lb.

Earl Scoville
Raymond Alta. M 10

FOR SALE—Lot, 100 feet frontage by 150 feet deep. Location near second ward chapel. Also Titan tractor, for sale or will trade for horses or pigs. Apply Recorder for name of owner. m 3

The Recorder
\$2.00
Per Year
Seed Wheat

Look to your seed wheat requirements. I can supply you with 3rd. generation registered Marquis Wheat, reg. Certificate No. E15852 germination test No. 67.640 testing 96 percent germination, at \$1.50 per bu. cleaned; order it now.

T. W. MELDRUM

THE RAYMOND RECORDER
David C. Peterson
Editor and Proprietor
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
Raymond's Sole Advertising and News Medium

Subscription Rates
RAYMOND — ALBERTA
Canada, per year \$2.00
Six months \$1.00
U. S. Points, per year \$2.00
Six months \$1.25
Advertising rate card on application

News Notes

The local high team captured an easy exhibition game from Stirling seniors last Saturday with a score of 60-10.

As we go to press Thursday evening preparations are being made for two of the biggest exhibition games of basketball ever played here. The famous Havre All-Stars and the Jacks are scheduled for two games, Thursday and Friday.

"The Way of All Flesh" showing at the Rex tonight and tomorrow night carries the personal guarantee of the Rex management. For this special Mr. Brewerton is charging only regular prices.

That advertising pays was demonstrated last week when six fair applicants called at the Recorder office in response to the ad inserted by three bachelors asking for partners to escort them to the leap year ball. A letter was also received from "Three Leap Years" so if these lonely hearts have not been made happy it is not the fault of the Recorder or the want ad.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brown, of Lethbridge, were visitors here last Wednesday.

M. E. CHRISTENSEN
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
EMBALMER

All Funeral Supplies
Successor to Chas. MacKay
Phone 2802
1110 Third Av. S., Lethbridge
Raymond Phone 13

Makers of
Distinctive Portraits

Be photographed by

Allison

Studio: Balmoral Block
Fifth St. S. — Lethbridge
"Photographs Live Forever"

Expert Film Developing
Leave your rolls with our agent:
The Raymond Pharmacy

Marcelling,
Hairdressing,
Etc., Etc

Miss Nielsen at the

REX

BARBER SHOP
JESSE SECRIST - PROP.

Draying!
& GENERAL TRANSFER

Prompt Attention Given
to All Work

MODERATE PRICES

Horses for Sale

Dean Lamb

Phone 65 or 11

News Notes

Dr. S. Astor left last Friday for New York where he will visit Mrs. Astor and infant daughter.

Considerable interest was shown last Friday when rural municipality electors nominated Frank T. Holt to oppose Jas. H. Walker for the office of councillor. The election takes place next Monday.

It would appear that the Spring of 1928 is going to be a very busy season for the farmers of Southern Alberta. Farmers can save time by treating their seed grain with copper carbonate instead of formalin. By the copper carbonate method the grain is treated when dry early in the season, then stored until required for use. You can procure copper carbonate and the necessary equipment through your local merchants. Think it over.

At last a never failing sign of spring has come. Lee Selman and Jim McLean left last Friday for Nevada on their annual sheep-shearing tour. They will work northward. By the time they get here spring will have arrived.

News Notes

The marriage of Miss. Jean Laforge of Saskatoon to Mr. Dick Wolff was solemnized recently in Vancouver. The newlyweds will reside on the farm at Kirkaldy this summer.

The sugar factory was put under steam last Monday in preparation for the coming campaign. This run will last for about two months.

Farmers of the Taber Barnwell area are making a drive to increase beet acreage with the ultimate view of having sugar factory built in that district.

Dick Scott, of the Bank of Montreal staff, spent last week end in Medicine Hat.

More than 180 old folk were in attendance at the annual social last week. The afternoon was spent with a banquet and program. During the evening the party were guests at the Rex Theatre. A free dance was given in the Opera House for all married people.

FOR SALE—By Ladies Aid, one Folding Couch and Mattress at a bargain. Can be seen any Tuesday between 4 and 6 o'clock at the United Church.

First Aid Dominion Champions



The Montzambert Trophy, representing the first aid championship for the Dominion of Canada was carried off this year by the Chapleau, Ontario, team of the Canadian Pacific Railway. First aid teams of the Canadian Pacific this year carried off all Dominion championships in competitions in which they were eligible. These included the Wallace Nesbitt Trophy, symbolic of first aid championships among all railways in Canada; the states of Maine and Michigan; the Sherwood Police Trophy, representing the championship among all uniformed police forces in the Dominion, which was won by the Angus Works Police Team No. 1, of Montreal.

The various trophies were presented recently in the board room of the Canadian Pacific at headquarters in Montreal in the presence of E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the C.P.R., and a large gathering of officers of the Company and officials of the St. John Ambulance Association. The Montzambert Trophy and medals were presented to the various members of the team by E. W. Beatty, who took the opportunity of congratulating the team and expressing his gratitude for the honor thus brought to the Company through their successful efforts.

The work of A. G. Shakespeare, who had the instruction of the teams in eastern lines of the Company in hand, was highly praised by the President and other officials present, including Grant Hall, senior vice-president; A. D. MacTier, vice-president of eastern lines and J. J. Scully, general manager of eastern lines. Those representing the St. John Ambulance Association were: Col. C. A. Hodgetts, director general of the Association, Canadian branch; Col. D. T. Irwin, past president and connected with it since its inception; Sir George Burn, member of the general council and Fred Cook, past president of the Association.

The Chapleau team also won the Ontario Provincial Championship and the Taylor Trophy and the Scully Cup, representing the championship of Algoma district of the Canadian Pacific.

Members of the team are from left to right, back row: A. L. Smith (captain), H. Searle, holding the Scully cup and standing behind the Montzambert Trophy; A. G. Shakespeare, first aid instructor of eastern lines. Lower row, left to right: E. R. Moncreiff, seated behind the Ontario Provincial Trophy, and R. K. Smith, seated behind the Taylor Shield.



Bring Your Wheat Pool Cheques
To Us

HOLDERS of Alberta Co-operative Wheat Producers Limited Growers' Certificates will find it profitable and convenient to convert them at this Bank.

We are prepared to cash these cheques without charge and suggest that for the sake of safety and convenience you deposit the proceeds in a Standard Bank chequing or Savings Account. Interest paid on the latter at current rate.

BANKING
FIFTY
YEARS

THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA

RAYMOND BRANCH—T. L. Halpin, Manager